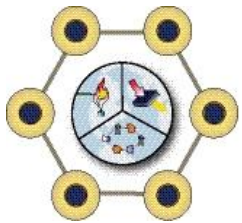


# Realizing a Renewable Energy Future through Power-to-Gas

California Fuel Cell Partnership  
UCLA, Los Angeles, CA



**ADVANCED POWER  
& ENERGY PROGRAM**  
UNIVERSITY of CALIFORNIA • IRVINE

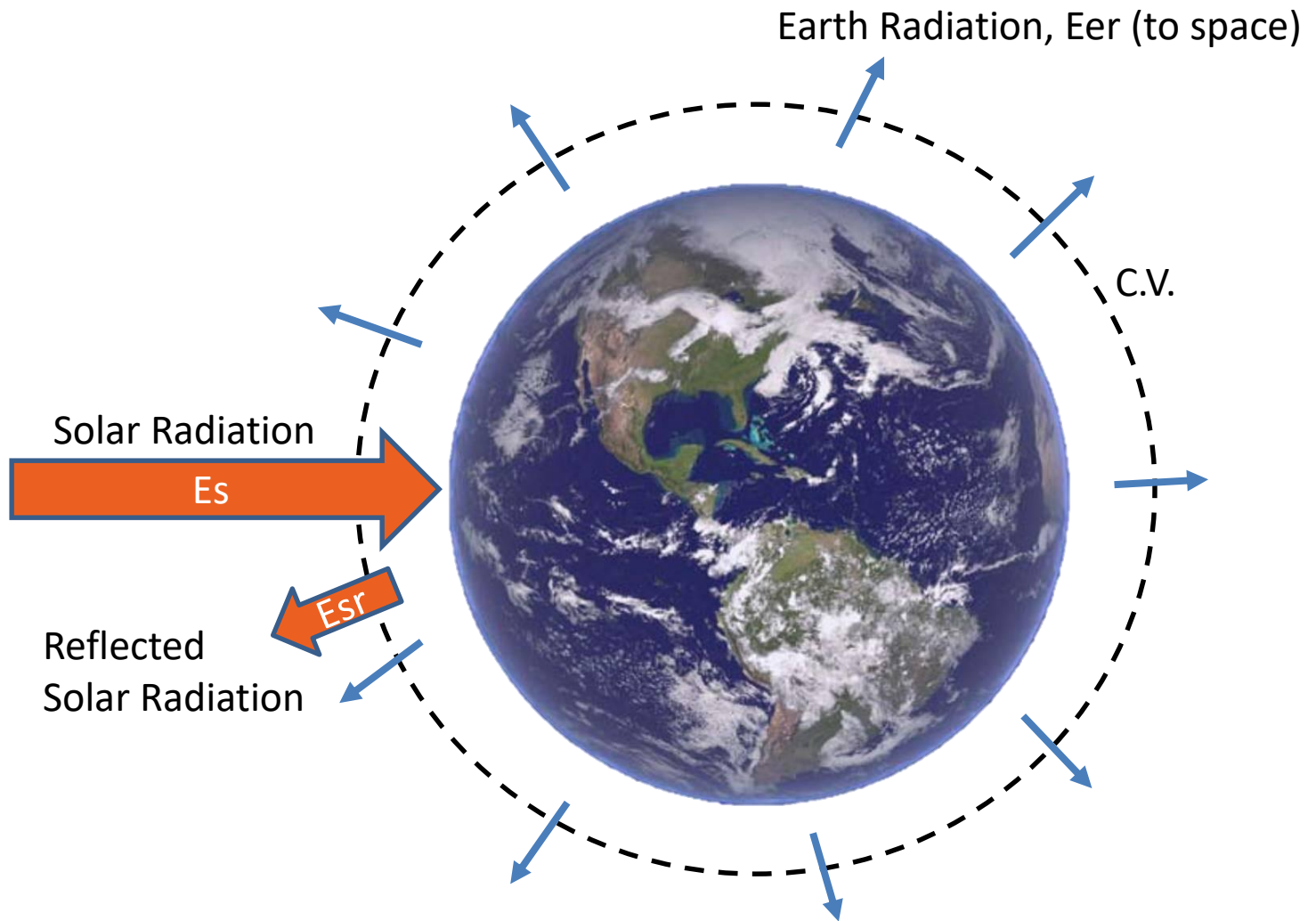
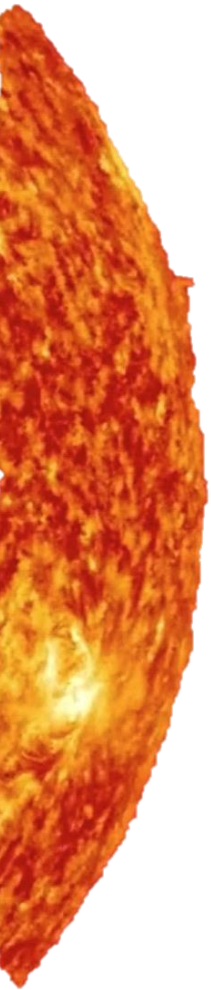


**NATIONAL FUEL CELL  
RESEARCH CENTER**  
UNIVERSITY of CALIFORNIA • IRVINE

**Jack Brouwer, Ph.D.**  
Associate Director

**April 25, 2017**

# Earth Energy Balance

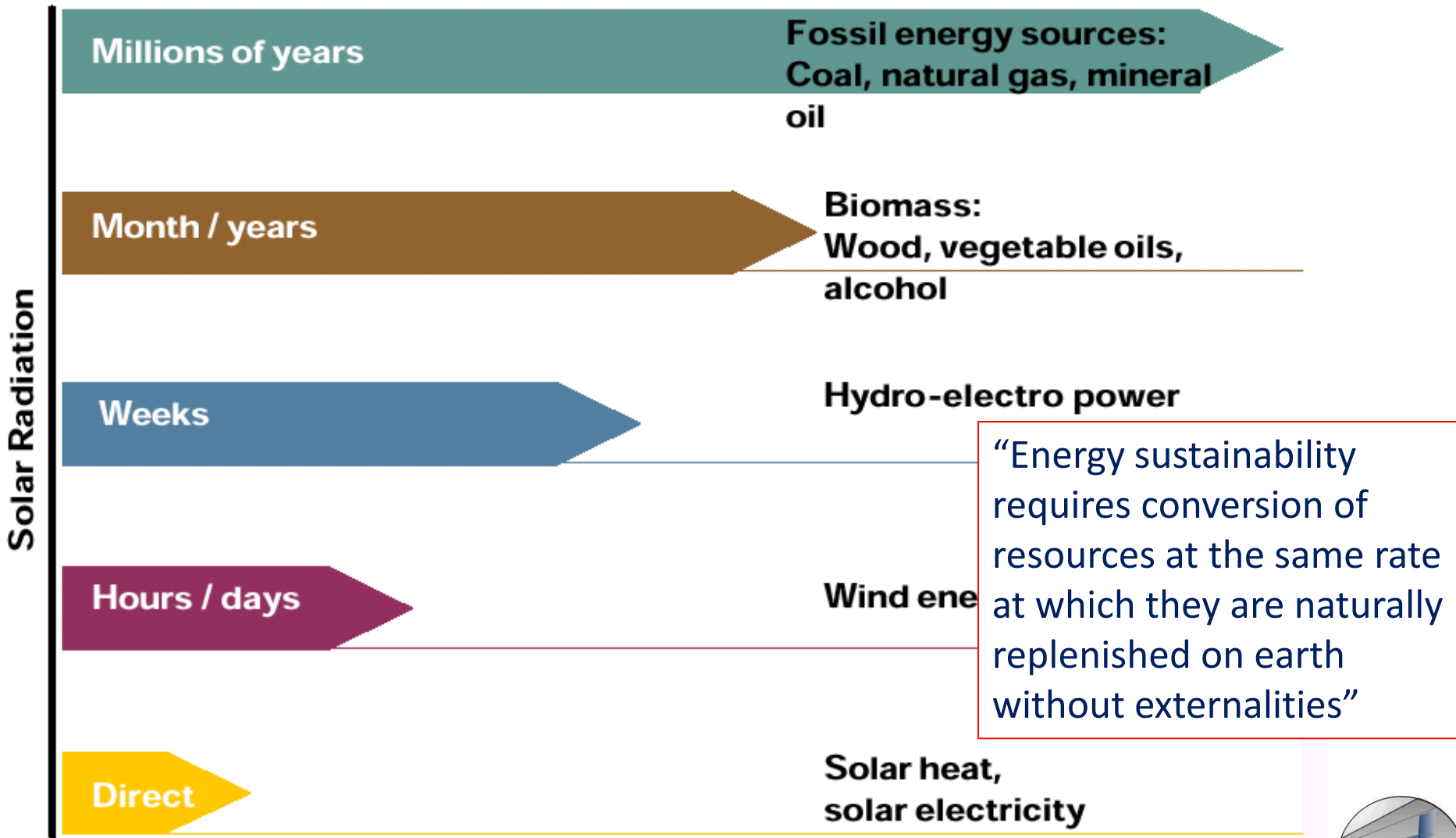


$$\Delta E_{\text{earth}} = E_s - E_{sr} - E_{er}$$

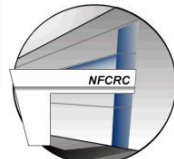


# Earth Energy Resources

## Primary Energy: All Comes from the Sun

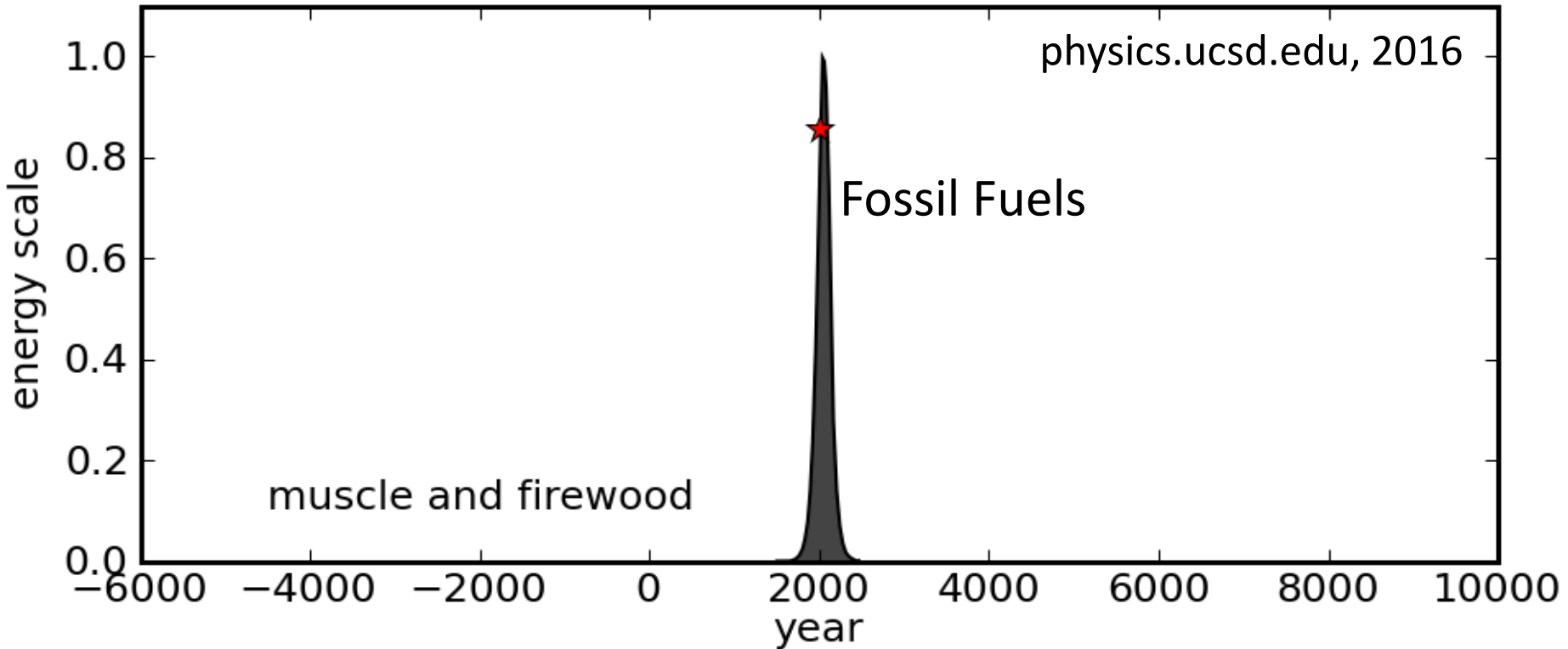


Courtesy: BMW Group, 2000



# Earth Energy Resources

## Primary Energy: All Comes from the Sun

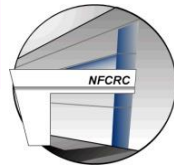


replenished on earth  
without externalities”



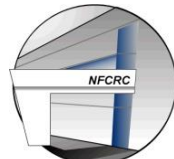
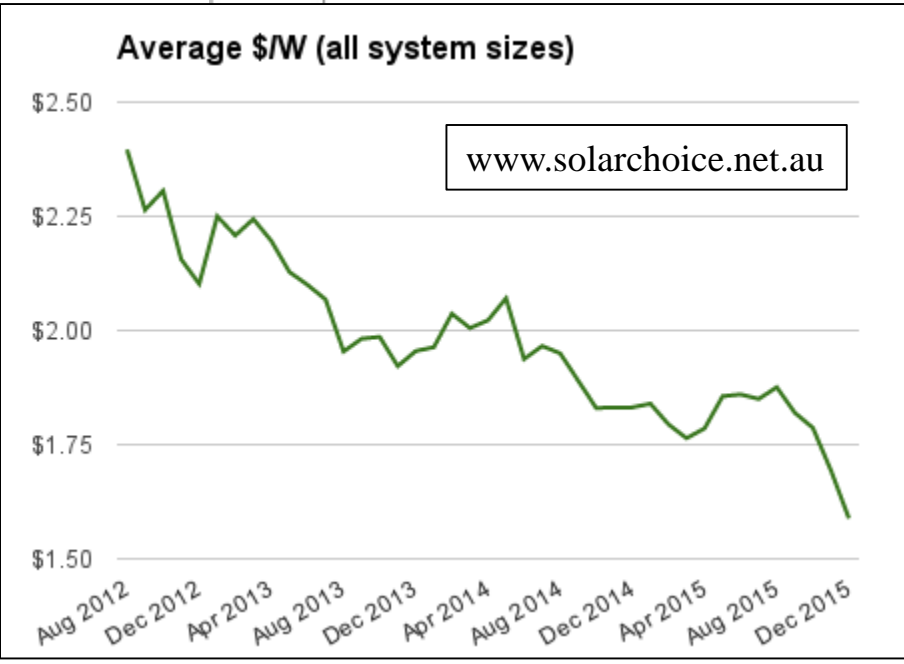
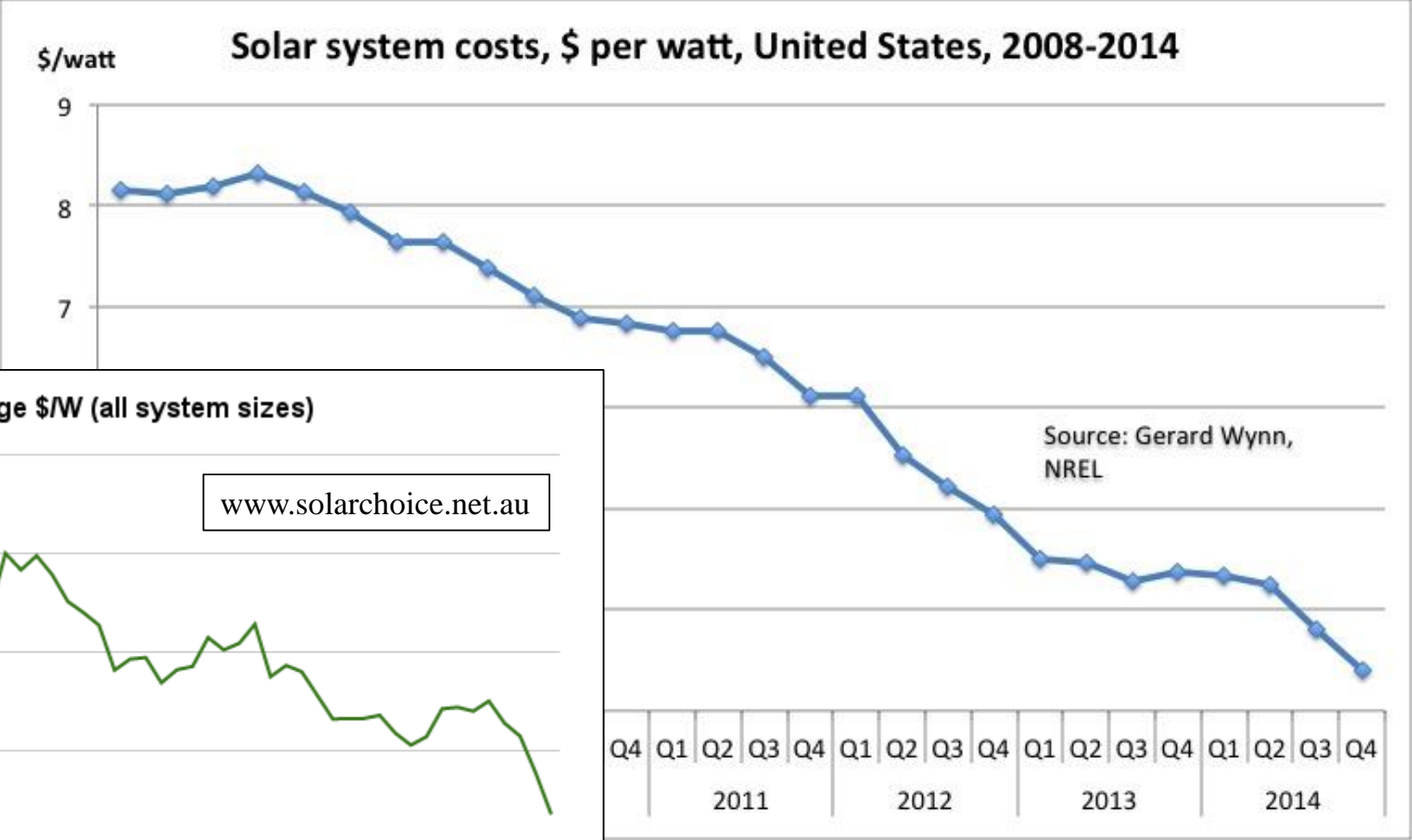
**Solar heat,  
solar electricity**

Courtesy: BMW Group, 2000



# Cost of Solar Power

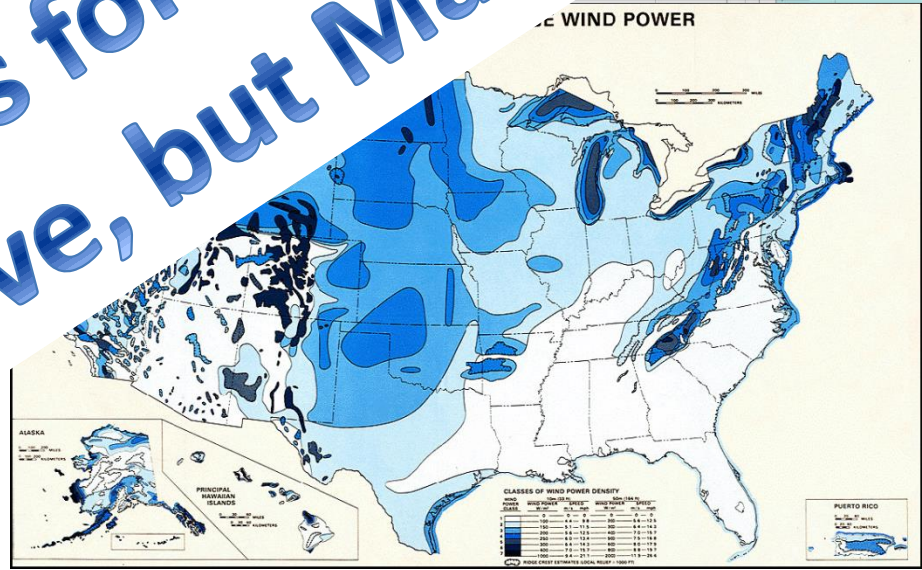
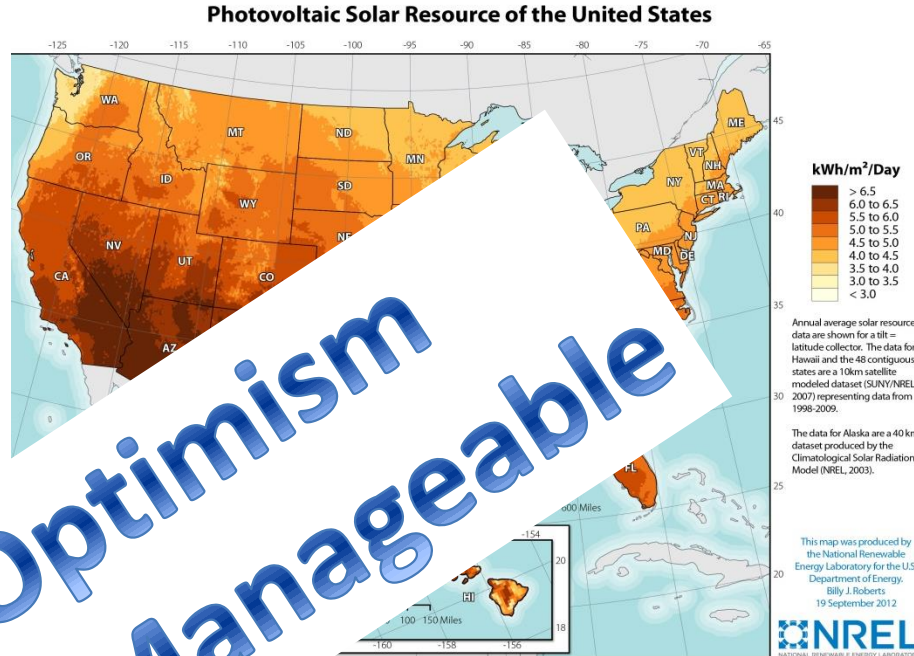
- Good News! Solar PV costs are dramatically falling



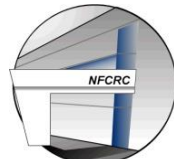
# Cost of Solar/Wind Power

- Solar Cost Considerations
  - ~20 % capacity factor – effectively 5-times the cost/kWh
  - At \$1-\$2/W → \$5,000-\$10,000/kW for equivalent continuous generator
- Location Considerations
  - Need significant transmission and distribution infrastructure
  - Cost, aesthetics, legal

**Causes for Optimism Expensive, but Manageable**

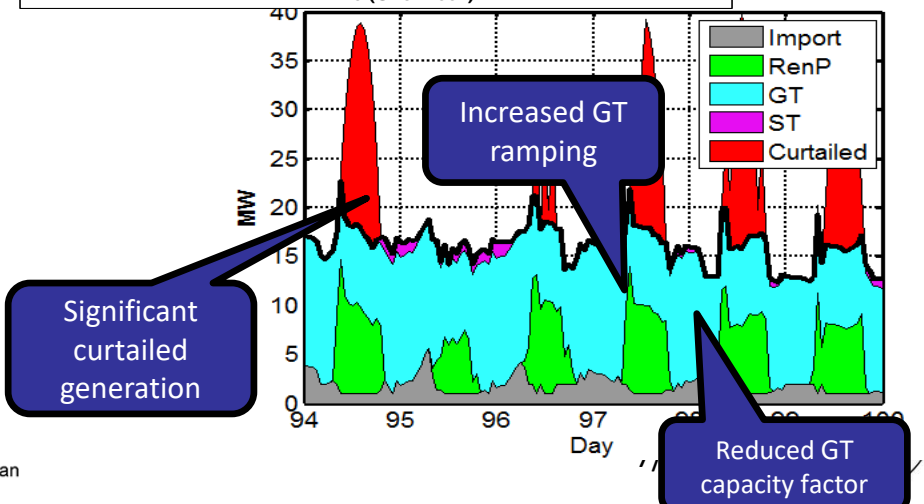
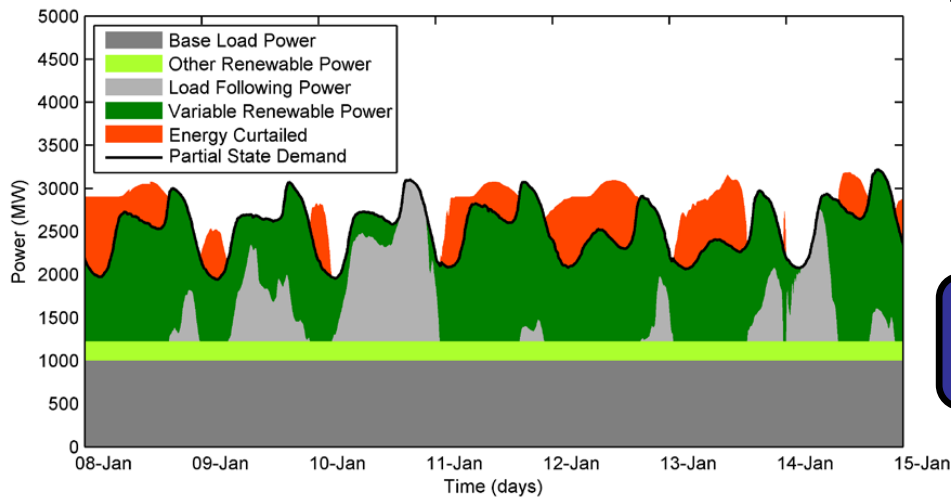
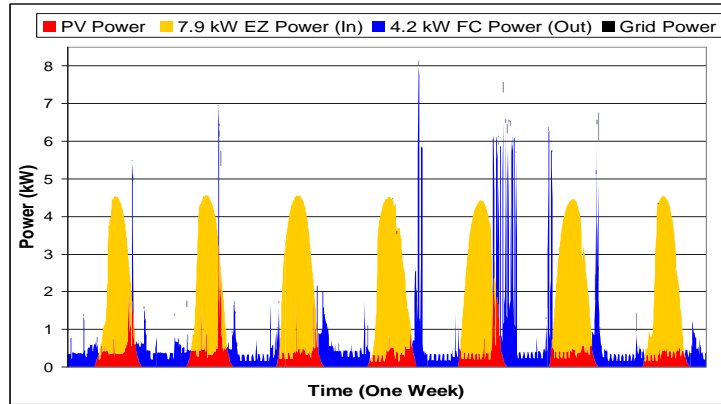
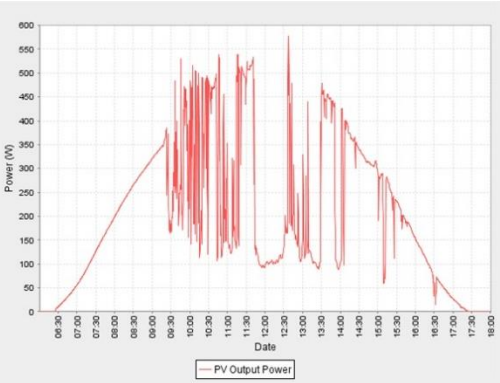
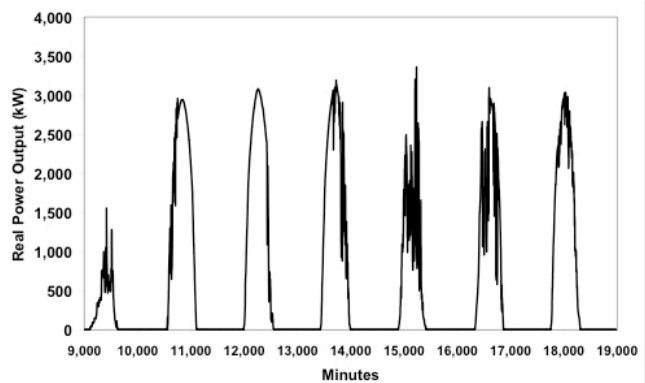


NREL, 2008



# Dynamics of Solar, Wind and other Renewables

- Solar most regular, predictable and widely available
- Wind is more dynamic, somewhat complements solar
- Together these will eventually meet almost all demands
- Must be balanced with loads



# Energy Storage Need

## Gedankenexperiment – consider a completely solar world

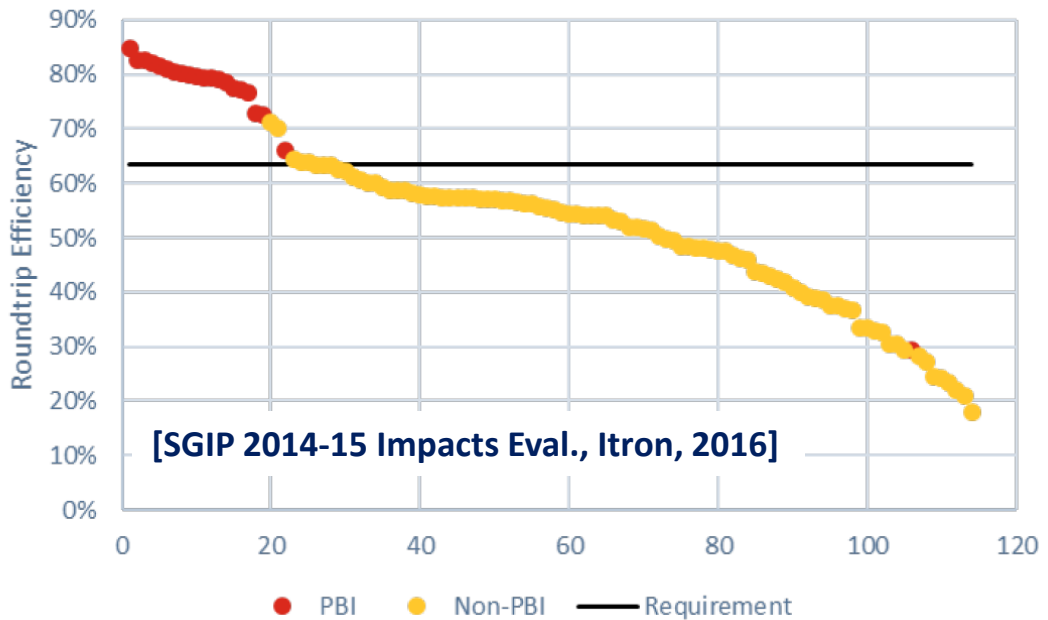
- Do as much conservation & efficiency as possible
  - How much storage is needed?

World Total (Mtoe)	kWh/toe	kWh	TWh
9,301	11,630	1.082E+14	108,171
Total Storage Needed	Daily shifting only:		<b>237</b>
	Seasonal shifting:		<b>28,846</b>

[Key World Statistics, IEA, 2015]

- Batteries needed, but, cannot do it all!
  - Massive cost (connected power & energy scaling)
  - Self discharge (measured performance in utility applications)

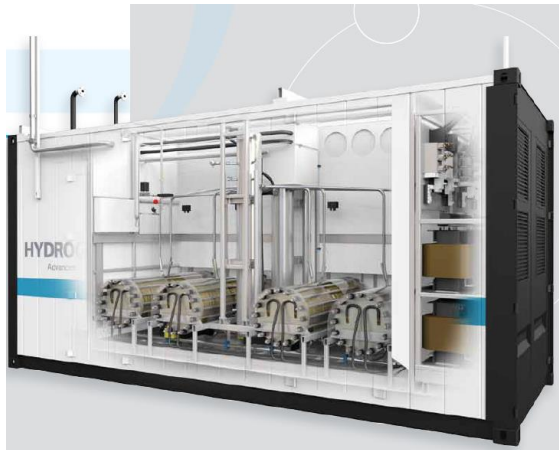
**Figure 1-7: Roundtrip Efficiency for Observed Projects (all non-residential)**





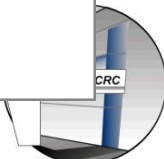
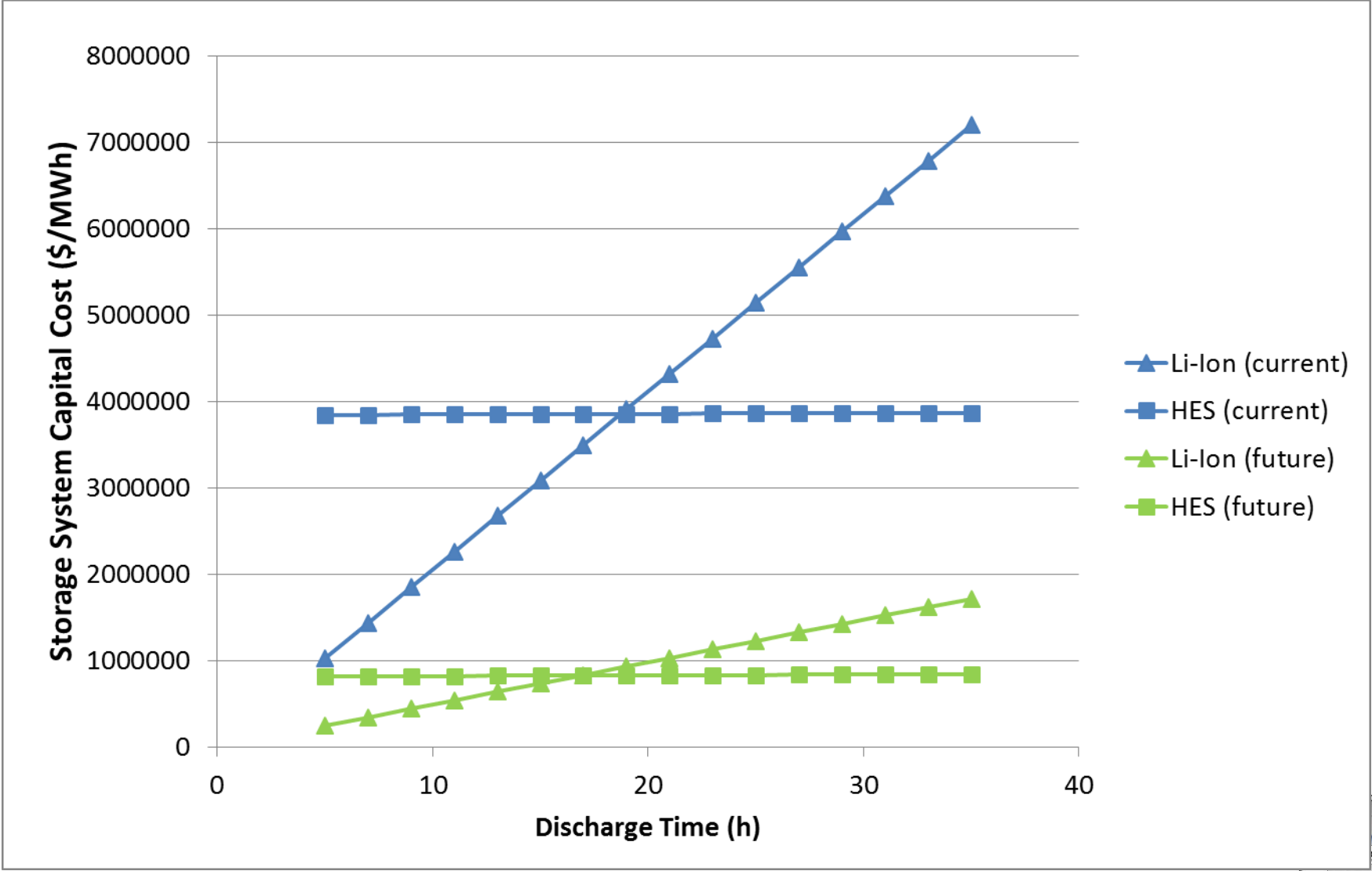
# Electrolysis – A Flexible Load

- Electrolyzers (PEM, alkaline) produce hydrogen & oxygen from water
- Provide load when wind or solar would otherwise be curtailed
- Fast response allows for use with variable input (<2 sec)
- Fast response can provide other ancillary services (e.g., regulation, Volt/VAR support)
- Sizes range from 10's of KW to several MW (today)



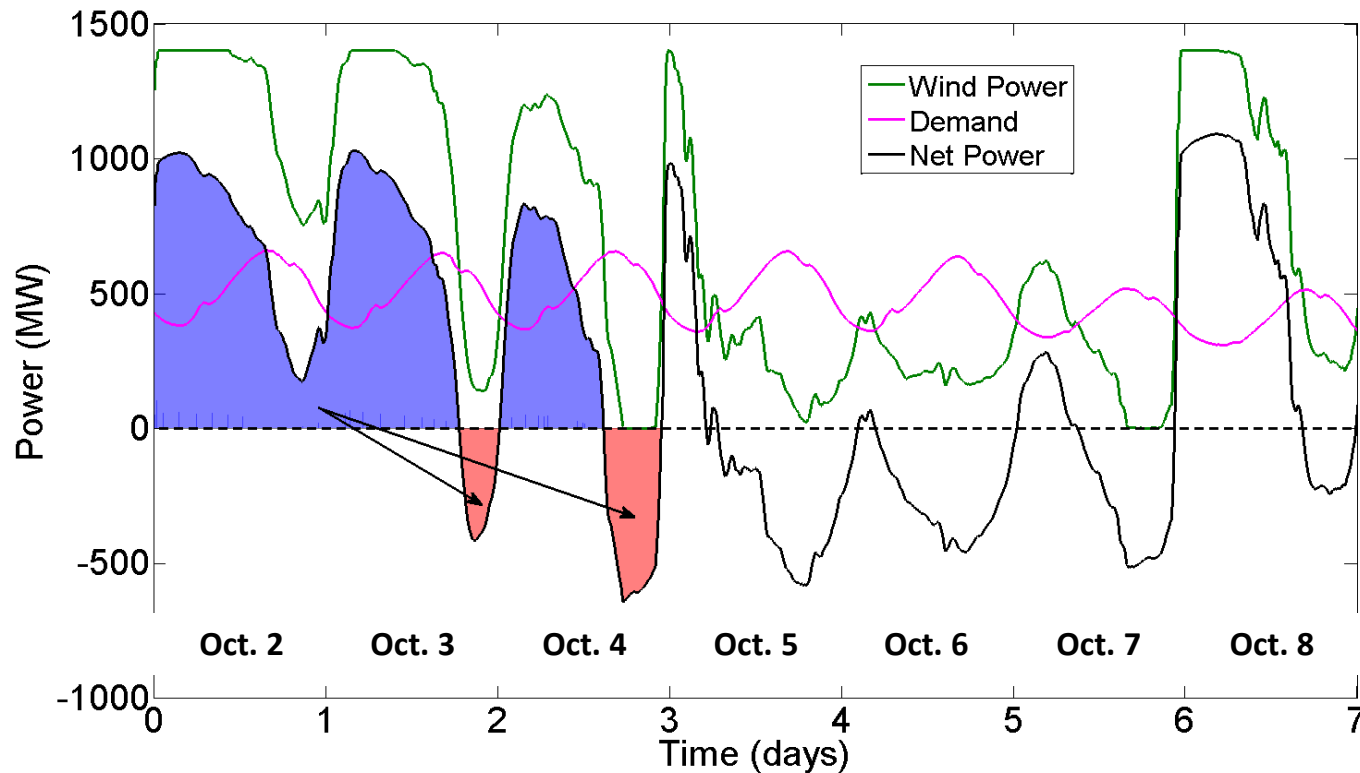
# Hydrogen Energy Storage – CHBC White Paper

- HES Better for long-term energy storage



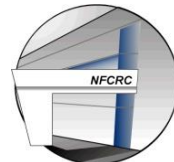
# Hydrogen Energy Storage Dynamics

- Compressed Hydrogen Storage complements Wind & Power Demand Dynamics in Texas



- Load shifting from high wind days to low wind days
- Hydrogen stored in adjacent salt cavern

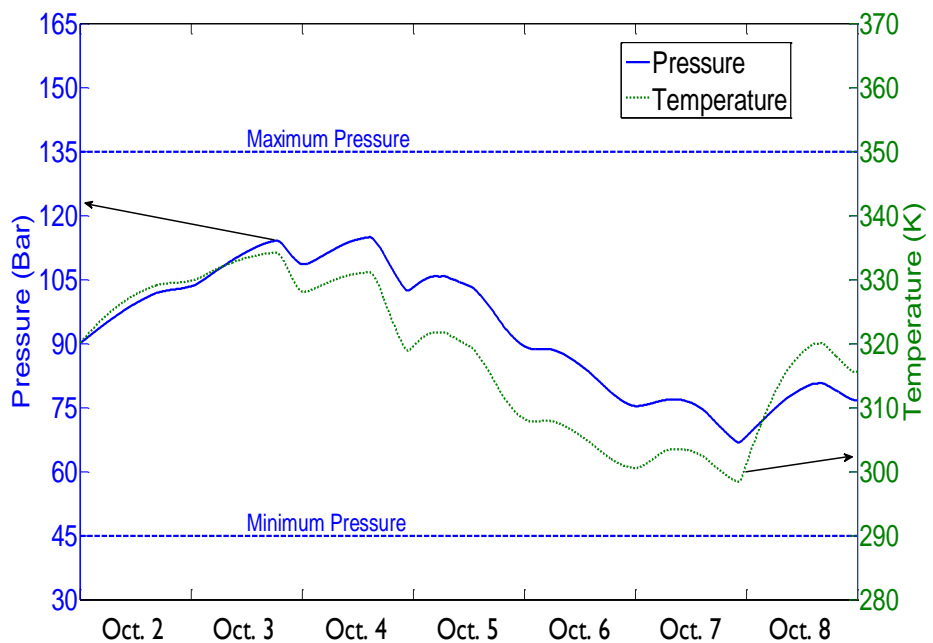
Maton, J.P., Zhao, L., Brouwer, J., *Int'l Journal of Hydrogen Energy*, Vol. 38, pp. 7867-7880, 2013



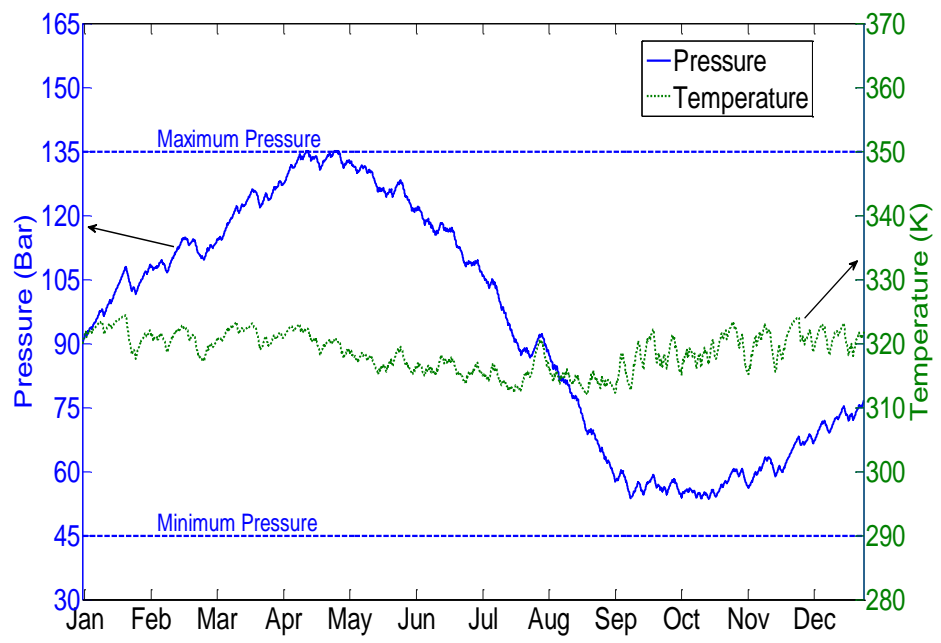
# Hydrogen Energy Storage Dynamics

- Weekly storage and seasonal storage possible with hydrogen and fuel cells/electrolyzers – all zero emissions!

Weekly

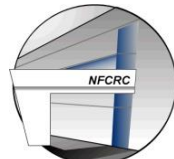


Seasonal



But what can we do if we don't have a salt cavern?

Maton, J.P., Zhao, L., Brouwer, J., Int'l Journal of Hydrogen Energy, Vol. 38, pp. 7867-7880, 2013

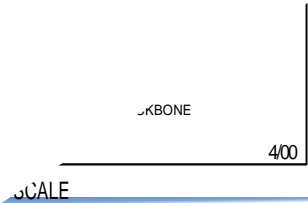
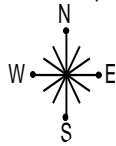
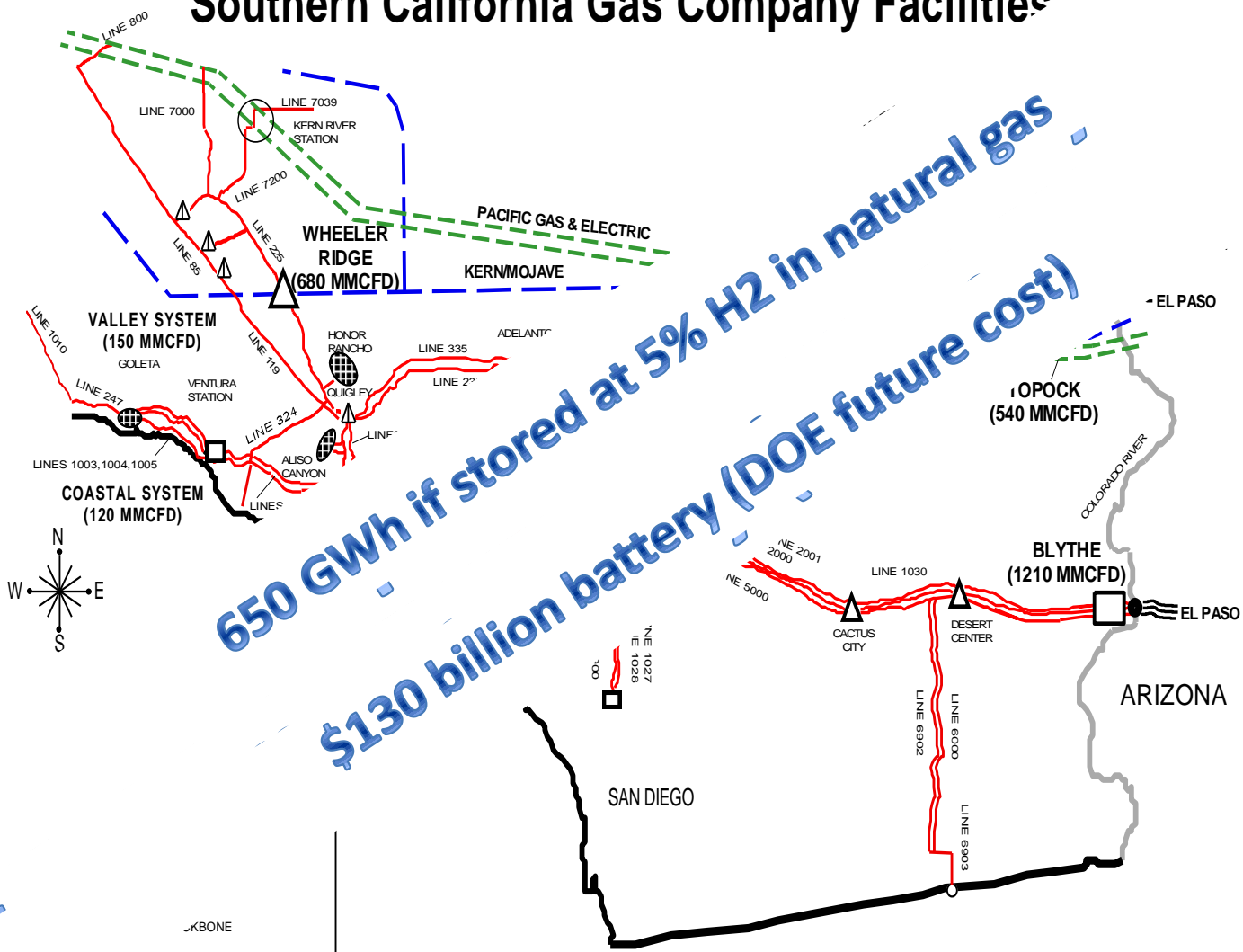




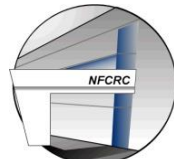
# “Natural” Storage & Transmission/Distribution Resources

- Natural Gas Transmission, Distribution & Storage System

## Southern California Gas Company Facilities



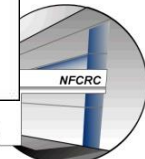
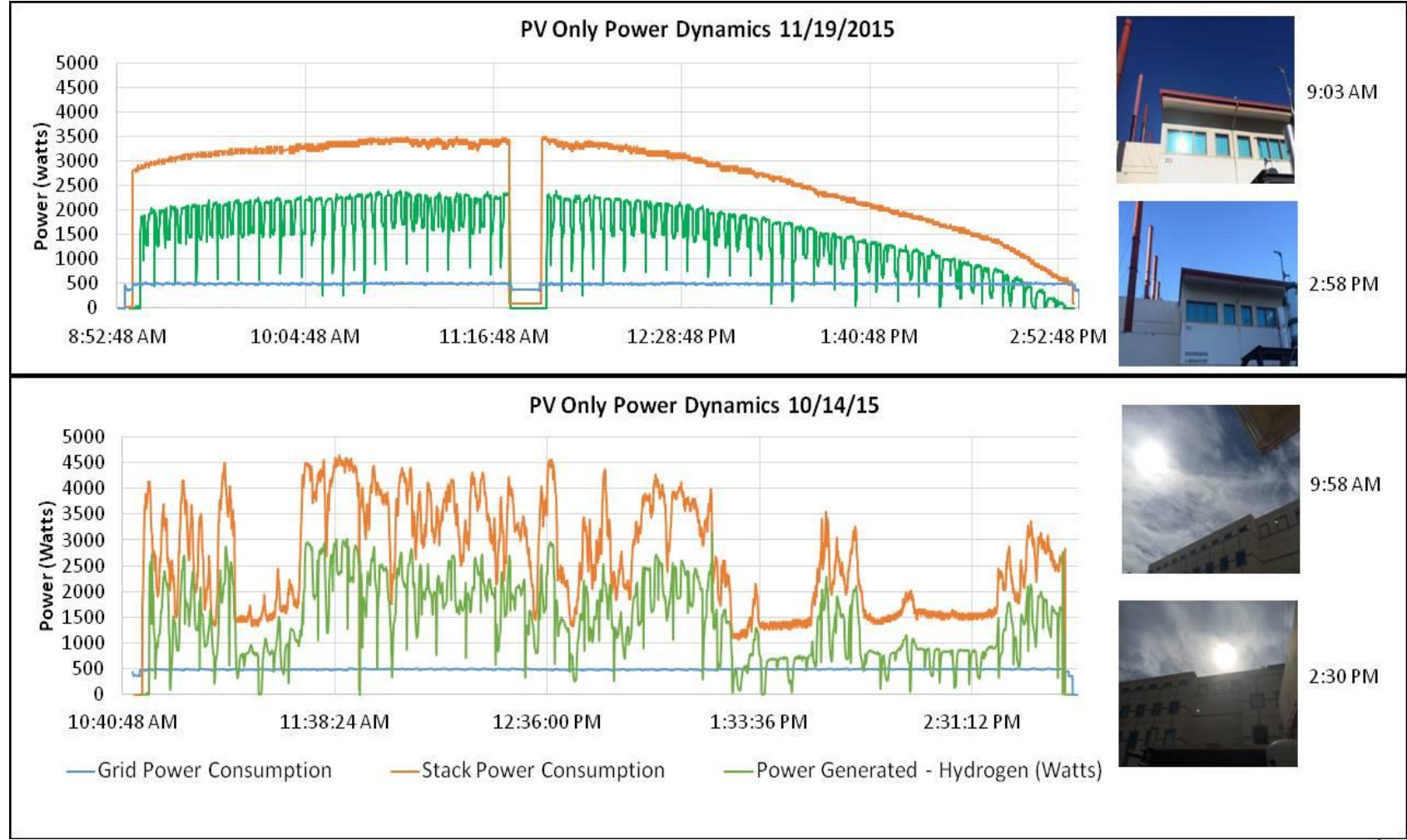
Carmona, Adrian, M.S. Thesis Project, UC Irvine, J. Brouwer advisor, 2014.



# P2G Accomplishment: Lab-Scale Electrolyzer Dynamics

## HOGEN-RE proton exchange membrane electrolyzer

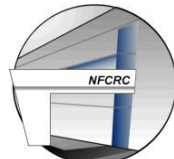
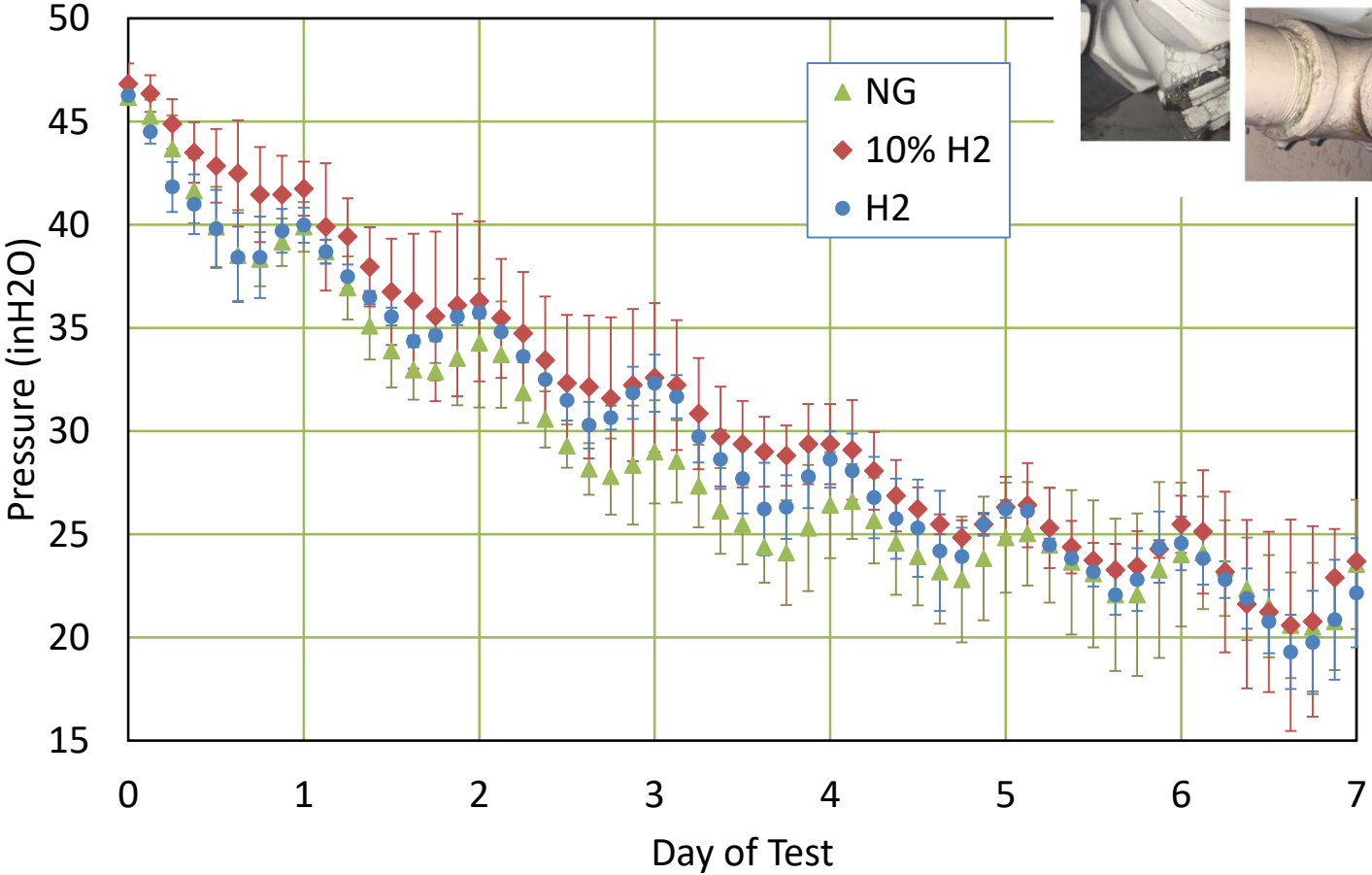
- Hydrogen production dynamics (with and without clouds)



# P2G Accomplishment: Hydrogen Pipeline Injection

## H2 injection into existing natural gas infrastructure (low pressure)

- NG, H2/NG mixtures, H2 leak at same rate

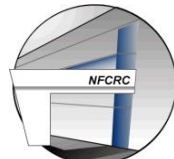
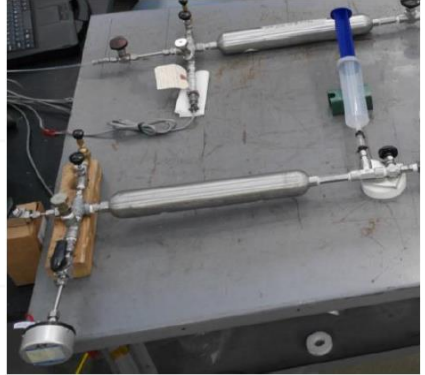
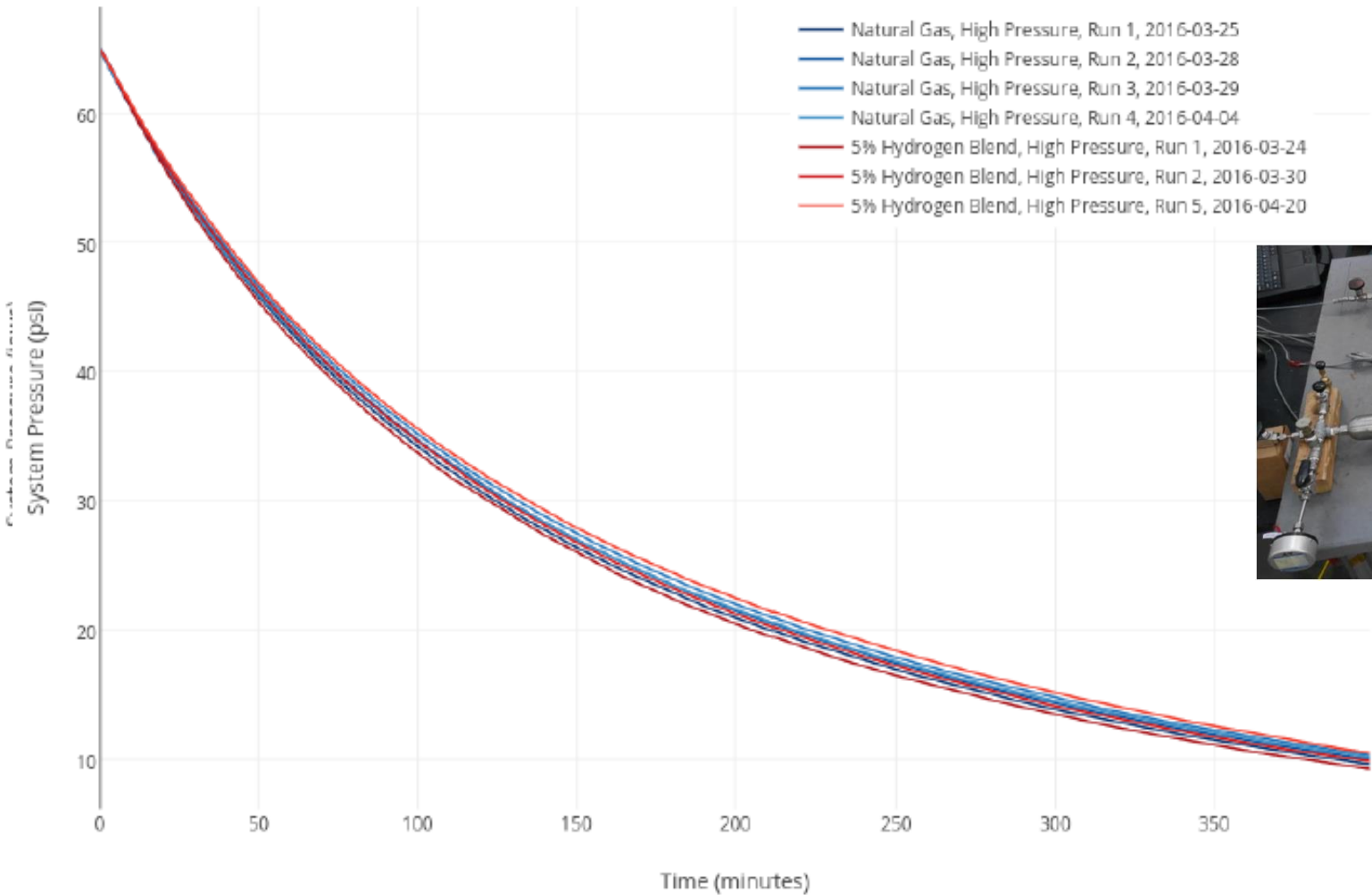




# P2G Accomplishment: Hydrogen Leakage Assessment

## H2 and H2/NG mixture leakage rates

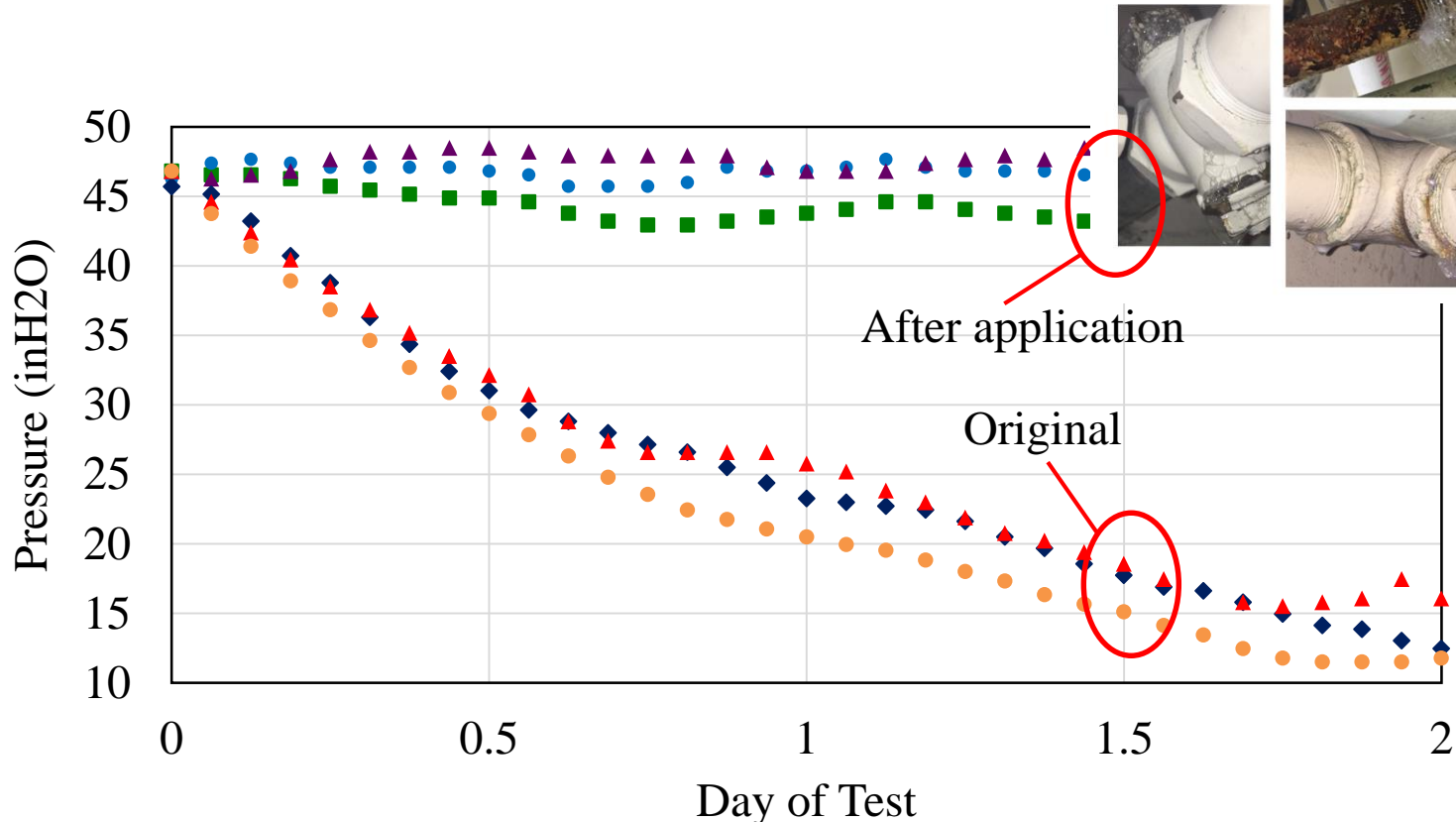
- Test apparatus with fixed small orifice



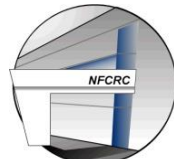
# P2G Accomplishment: Leak Mitigation Evaluation

## H2 injection into existing natural gas infrastructure (low pressure)

- Copper epoxy applied (Ace Duraflow®)



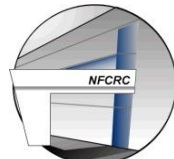
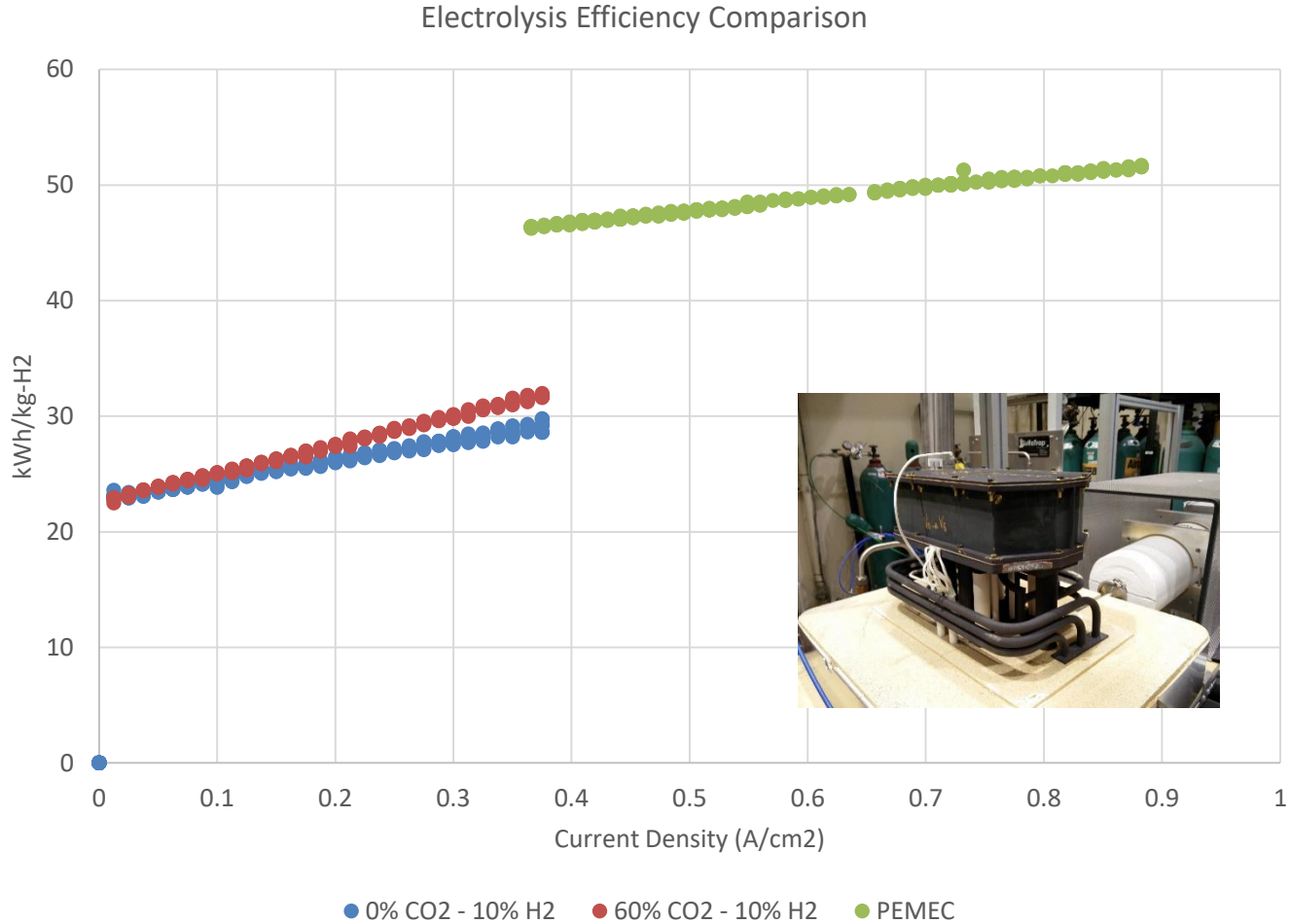
■ H2   ● 10%   ▲ NG   ◆ H2 - Original   ▲ NG - Original   ● 10% H2 - Original



# P2G Accomplishment: Electrolysis Alternatives

## Solid Oxide Electrolysis and Co-Electrolysis

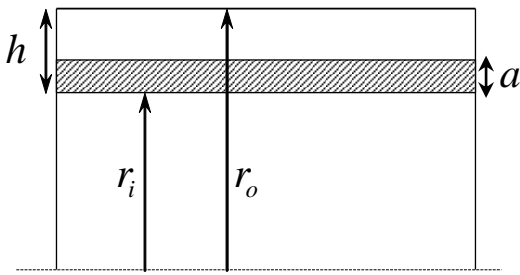
- Comparison to PEMFC (lower activation losses, higher ohmic losses)



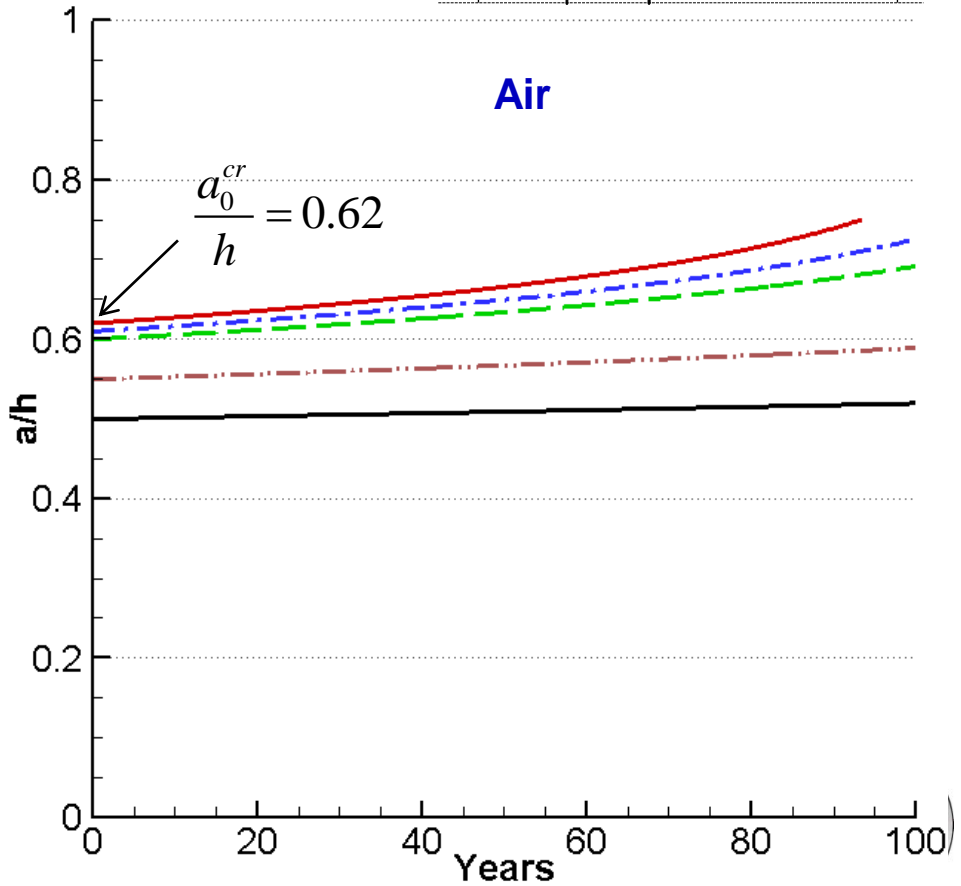
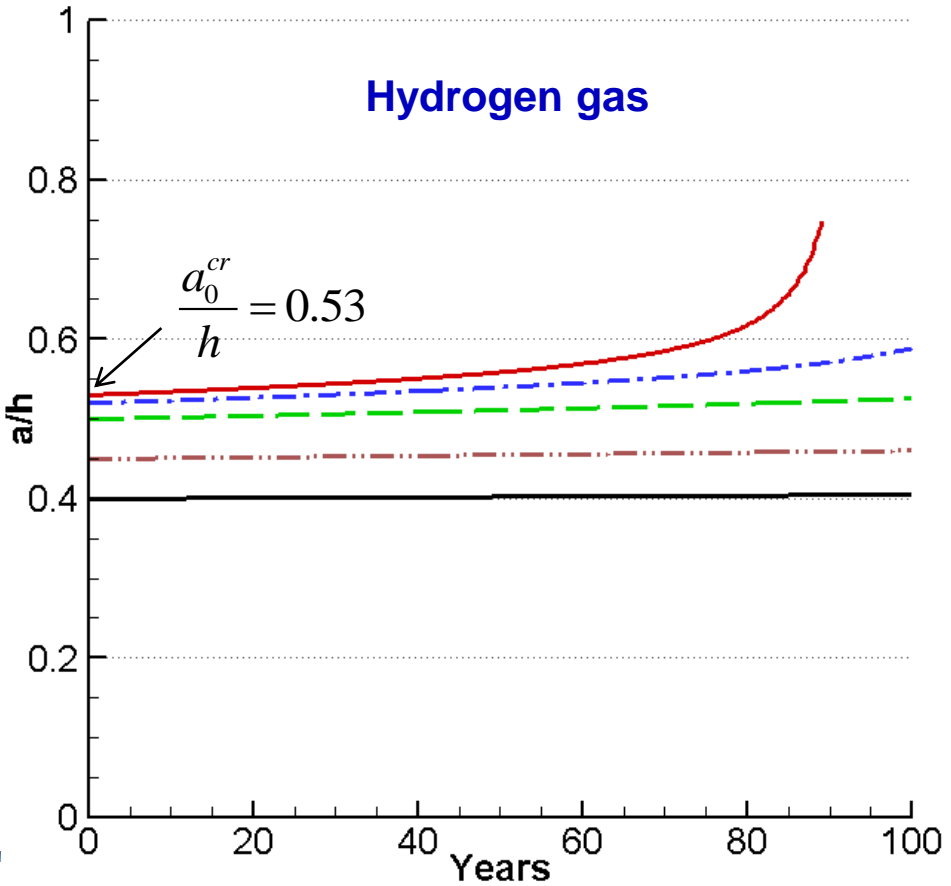
# P2G Accomplishment: Pipeline Materials Impacts

## Simulation of H2 embrittlement and fatigue crack growth with UIUC

- Fatigue crack growth in 6" SoCalGas pipeline

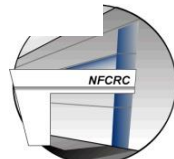
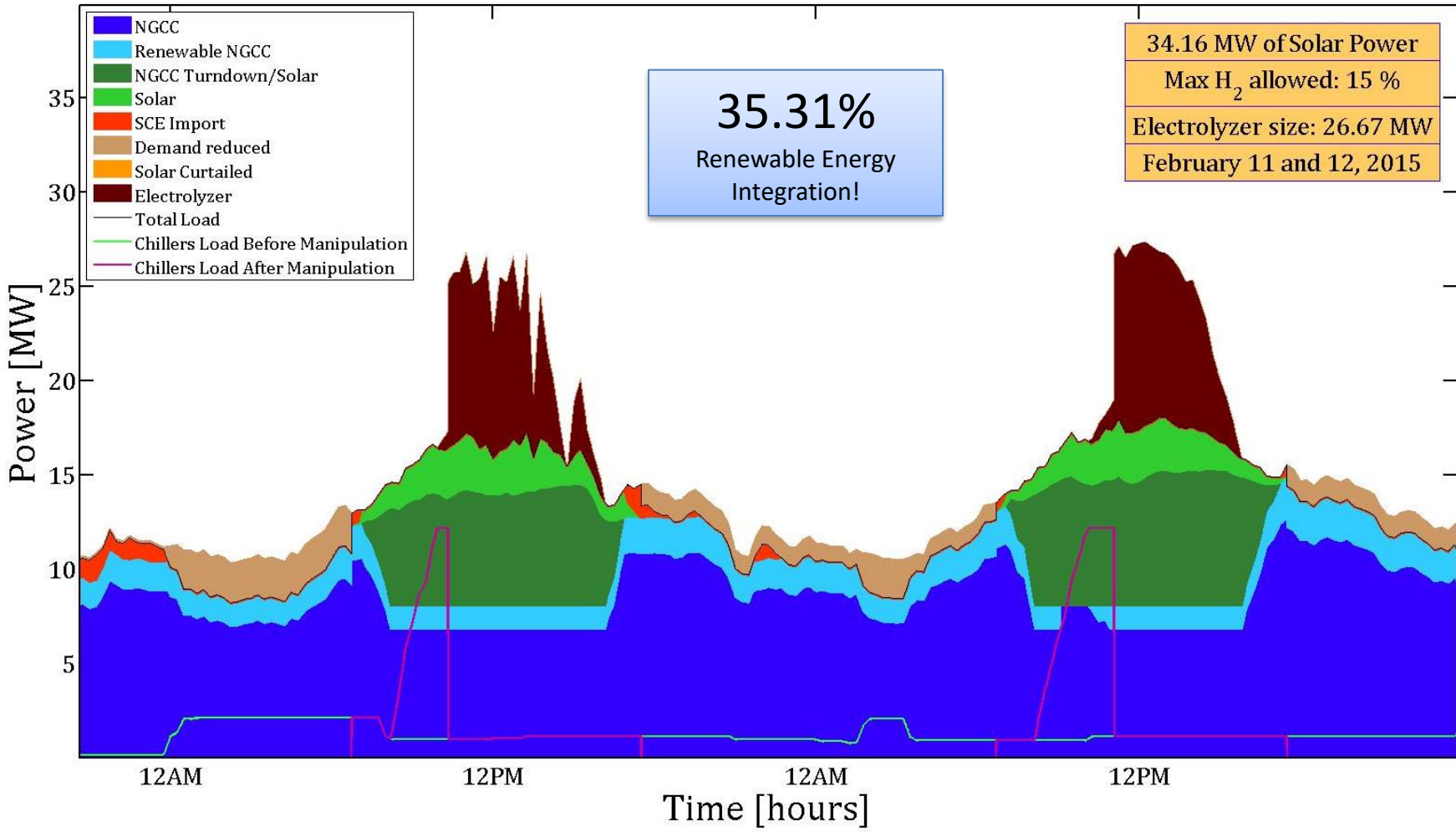


**0.188" wall thickness:** ( $h = 0.188" = 4.8 \text{ mm}$ )



# P2G Accomplishment: UCI Microgrid Simulation

- P2G could significantly increase renewable percentage at UCI



# P2G Accomplishment: Large Electrolyzer Deployment



**APEP/NFCRC  
6kW Electrolyzer  
First H<sub>2</sub> Pipeline Injection**



**UCI  
Substation**

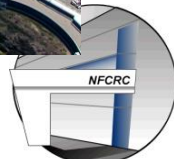
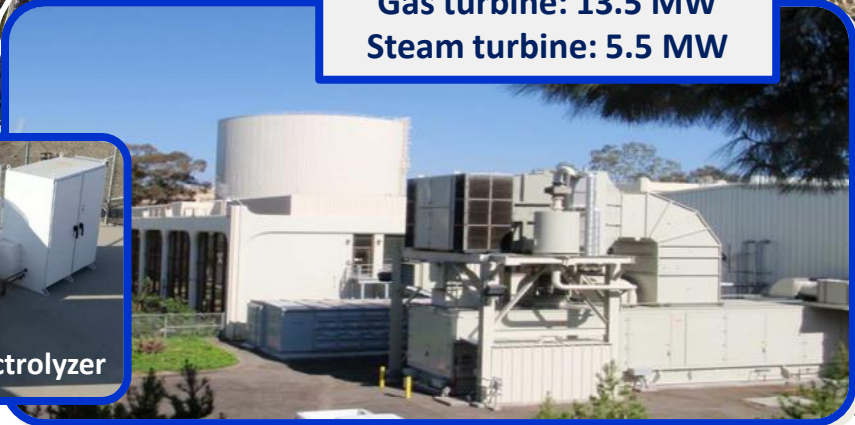
**66kV**

**Edison  
MacArthur  
Substation**

**Thermal Storage  
4,500,000 Gal  
60,000 Ton-Hour**

**12kV**

**Central Plant:  
8 chillers  
Gas turbine: 13.5 MW  
Steam turbine: 5.5 MW**



# P2G Accomplishment: Large Scale Electrolyzer

## Injection and combustion of H<sub>2</sub>/NG mixture in NGCC (400 psi line)



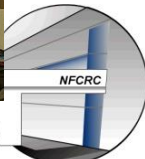
# P2G Accomplishment: Large Scale Electrolyzer

## Injection and combustion of H<sub>2</sub>/NG mixture in NGCC (400 psi line)

- ~0.24 volume % H<sub>2</sub> in natural gas



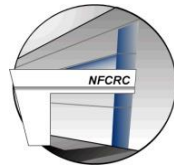
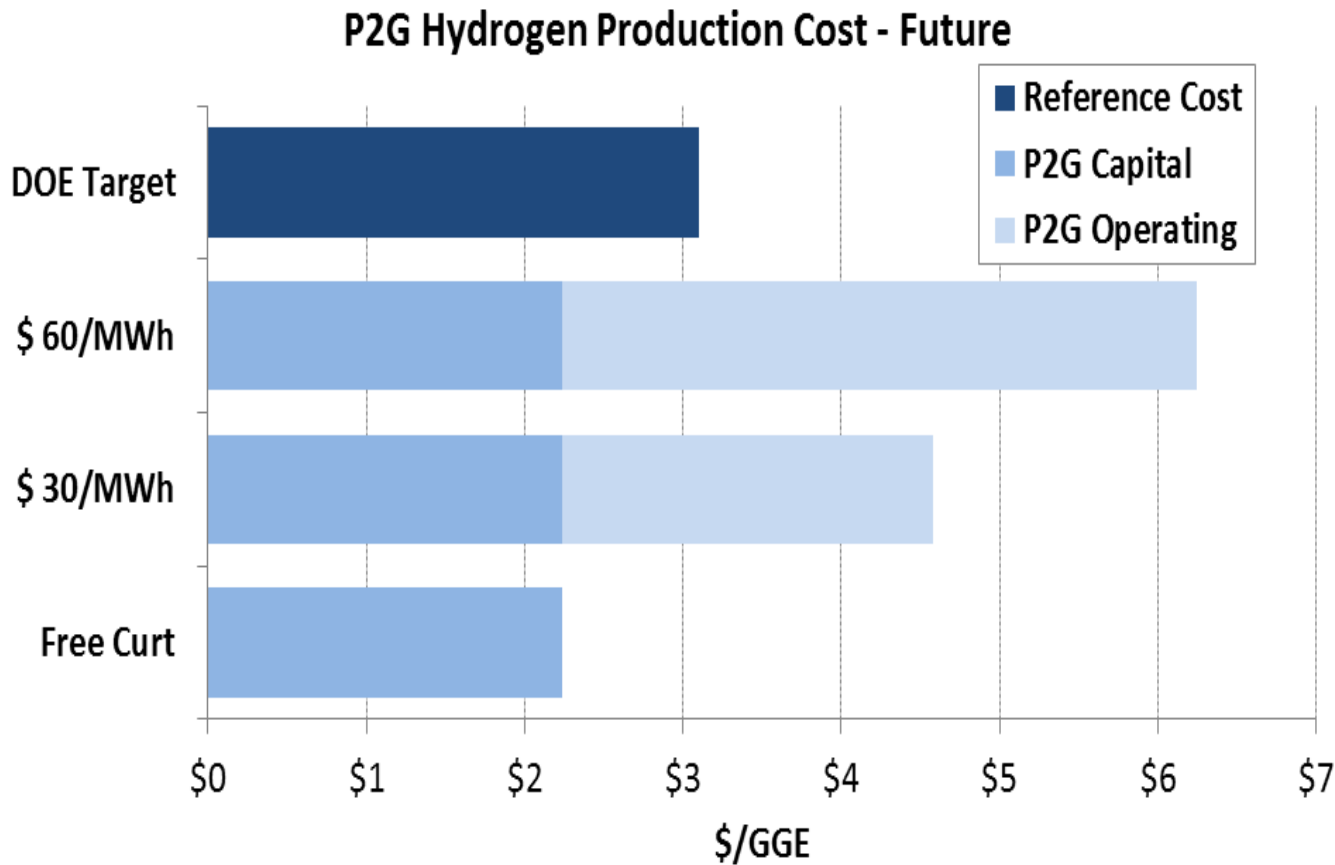
**Grand Opening: 7 October 2016**





# Power-to-Gas Economics

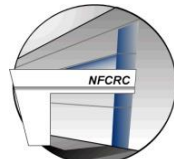
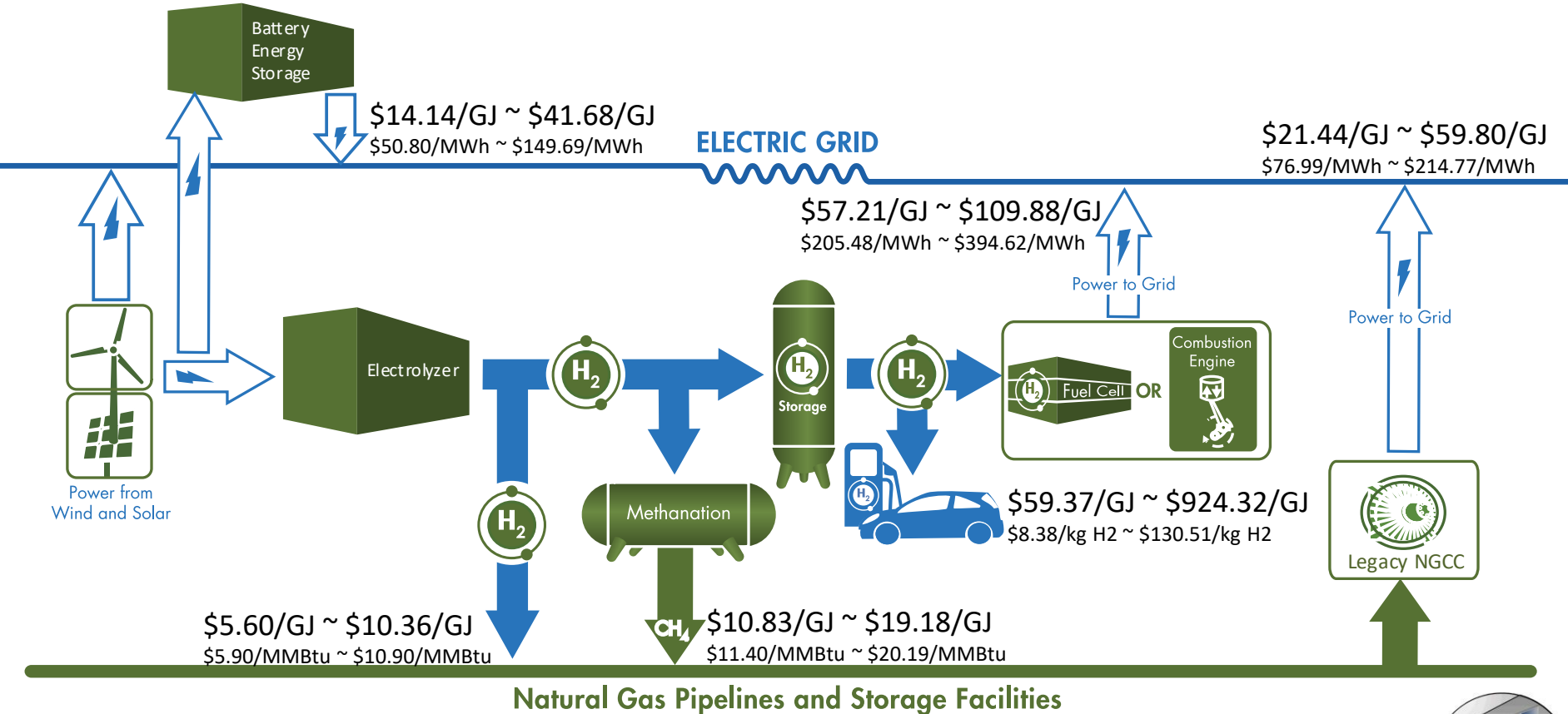
- Producing hydrogen from otherwise curtailed renewable power is economically attractive



# Power-to-Gas Economics – Various Pathways

## Levelized Cost of Returned Energy (LCORE)

- Future Costs & Efficiencies
- 50% capacity factor for all equipment



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**Thanks for  
your attention!**



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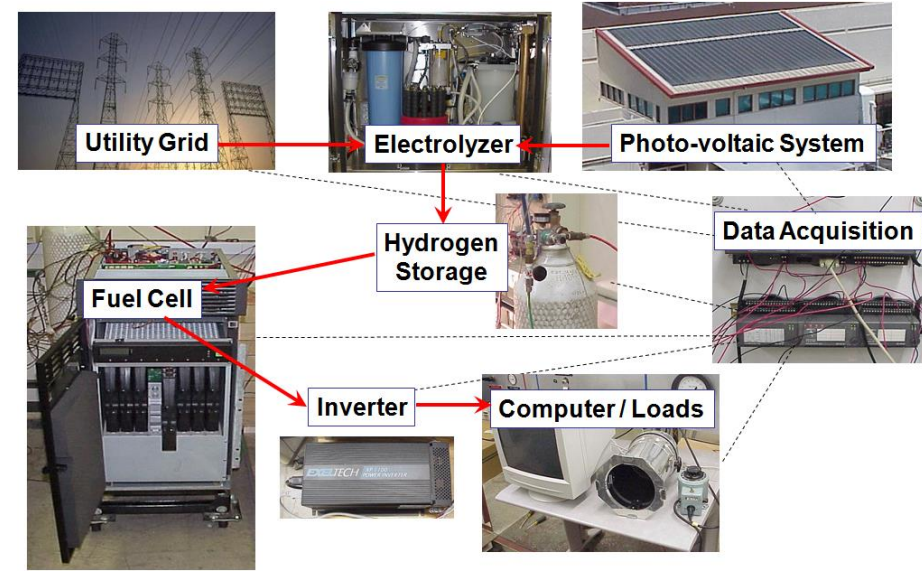
# Backup Slides



# SoCalGas P2G Support & Collaboration @ UC Irvine

## Major Actions and Accomplishments in 2015-16

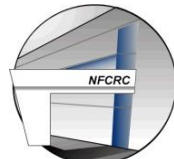
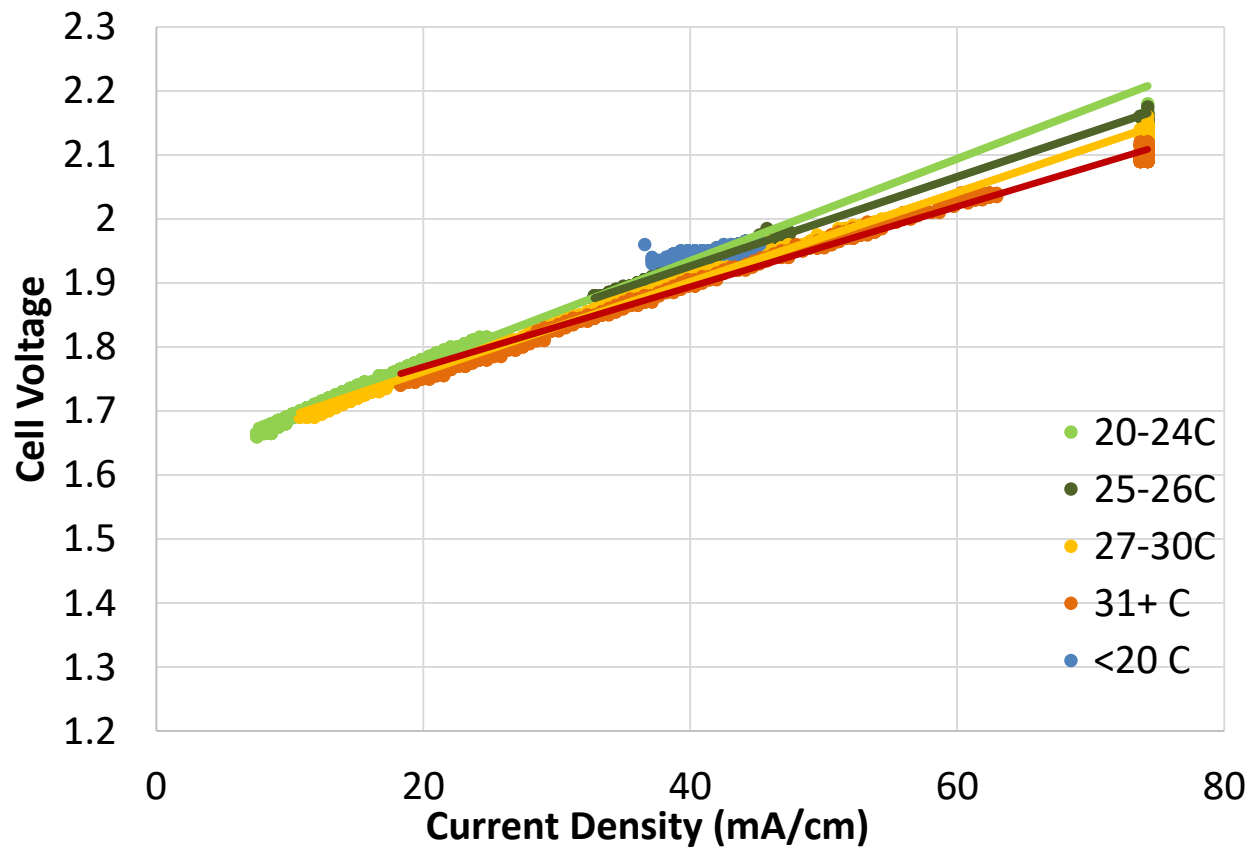
1. Lab-scale H<sub>2</sub> production dynamics by direct-DC & AC PV electrolysis
2. Hydrogen injection into existing natural gas distribution system infrastructure – leakage assessment
3. Evaluation of one customer-side leakage mitigation strategy
4. Evaluated alternative electrolysis technologies (PEME, SOE, REP)
5. Collaboration with SoCalGas to evaluate hydrogen and hydrogen blend leakage rates
6. Simulation of pipeline materials impacts (embrittlement, fatigue)
7. Simulation of P2G impacts in grid and microgrid
8. Full-scale hydrogen production & injection into 400 psi line
9. Combustion of P2G gas in NGCC
10. Economic analyses



# P2G Accomplishment: Lab-Scale Electrolyzer Dynamics

## HOGEN-RE proton exchange membrane electrolyzer

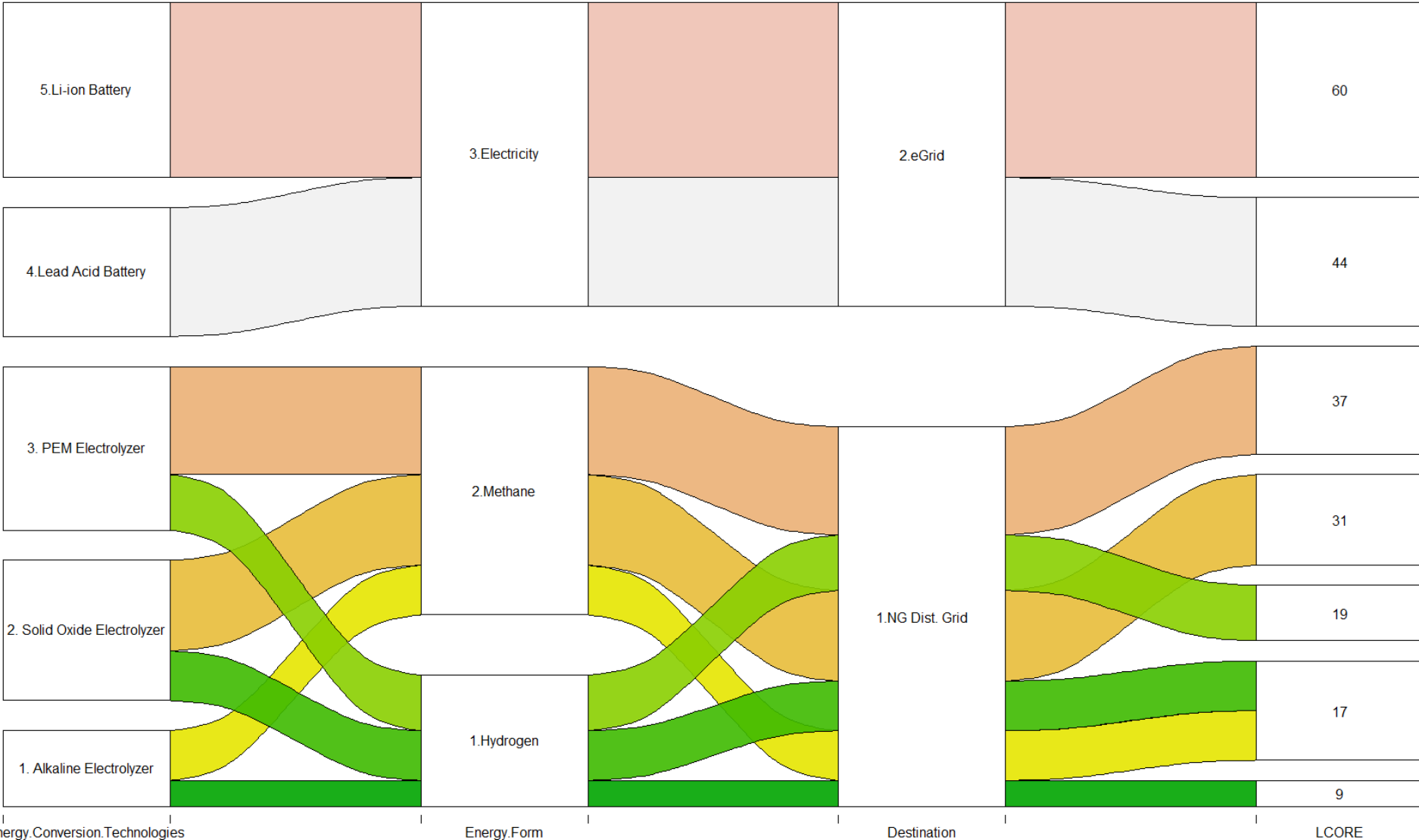
- Performs best when hot (summer vs. winter)



# P2G Accomplishment: Detailed Economic Analyses

## Levelized Cost of Returned Energy (LCORE)

- Future Costs & Efficiencies

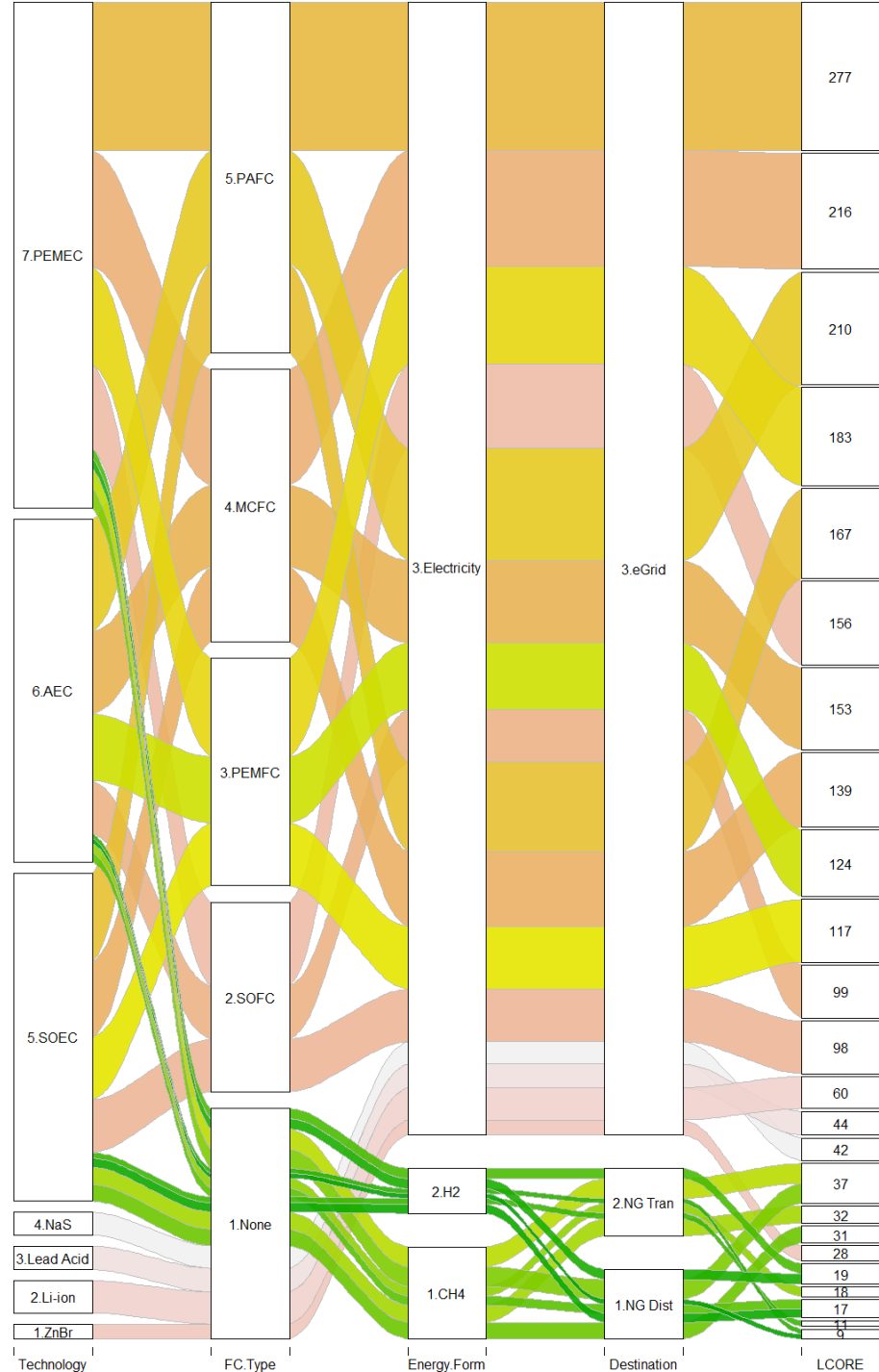


# P2G Accomplishment: Detailed Economic Analyses

## Levelized Cost of Returned Energy (LCORE)

### Pathways compared here:

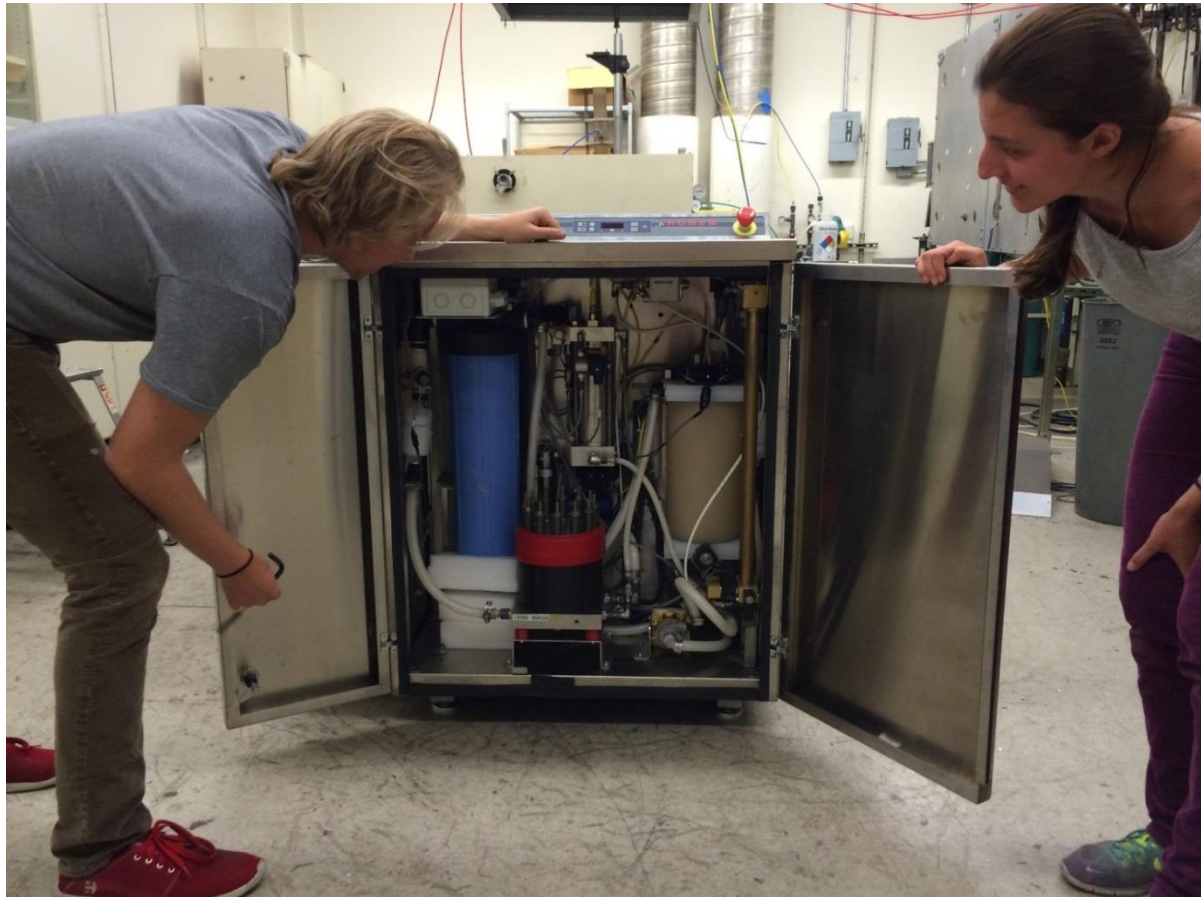
- Electr. + Fuel Cell + Electricity to eGrid
- Electrolyzer + H2 to gas grid
- Electr. + Methanator + NG to gas grid
- Battery ES + Electricity to eGrid





# P2G Accomplishment: Lab-Scale Electrolyzer Dynamics

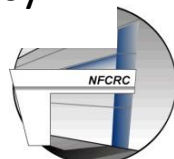
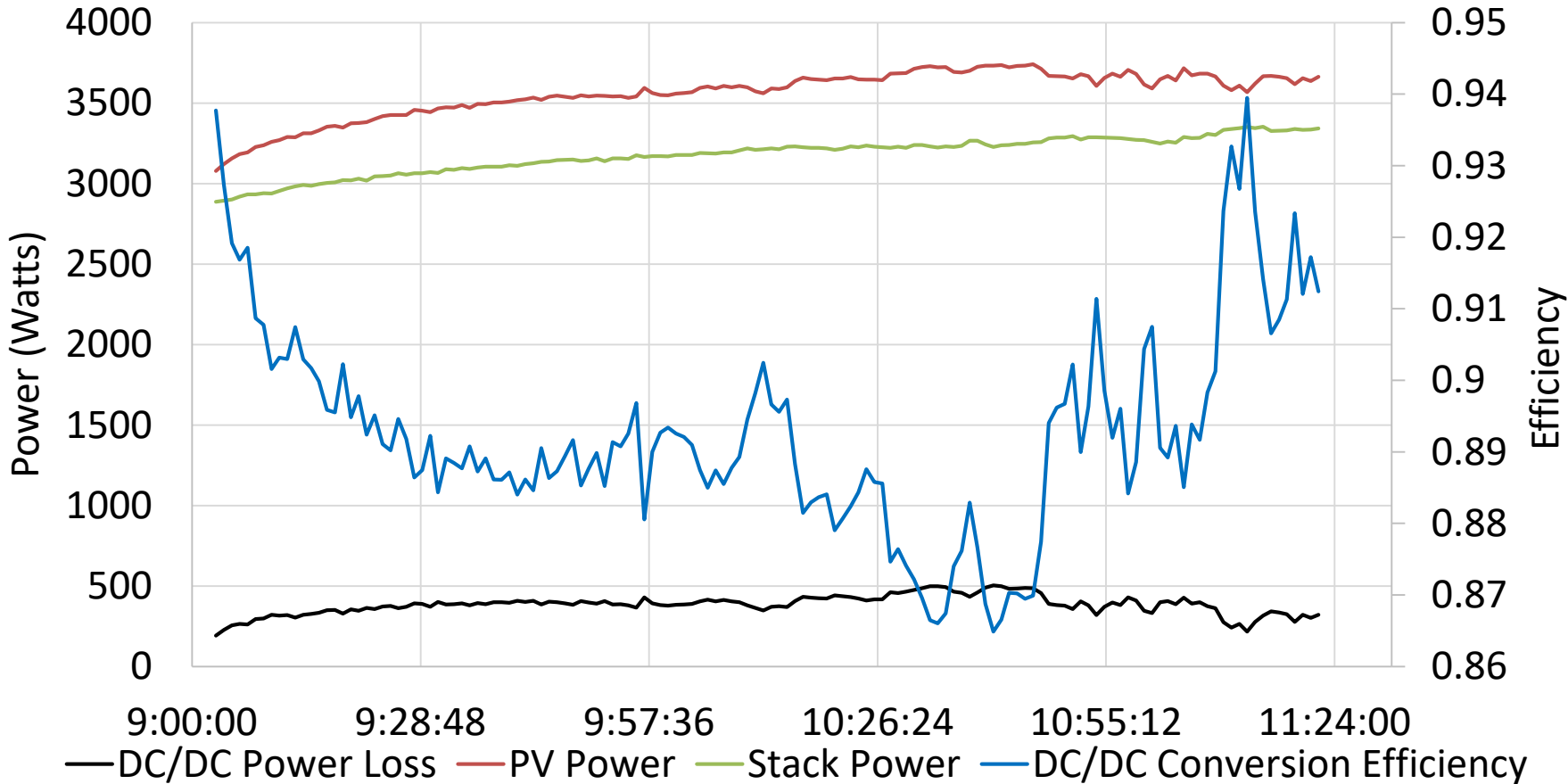
- HOGEN-RE proton exchange membrane electrolyzer
- Installed, connected, evaluated with PV direct-DC and 220V AC
- Sunny and cloudy days
- Overall performance
  - Efficiency in various operating modes
  - BoP losses
  - DC vs. AC
  - Dynamics
- Hydrogen uses
  - (1) vented
  - (2) stored
  - (3) pipeline injected
  - (4) end-use consumed



# P2G Accomplishment: Lab-Scale Electrolyzer Dynamics

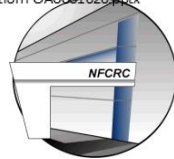
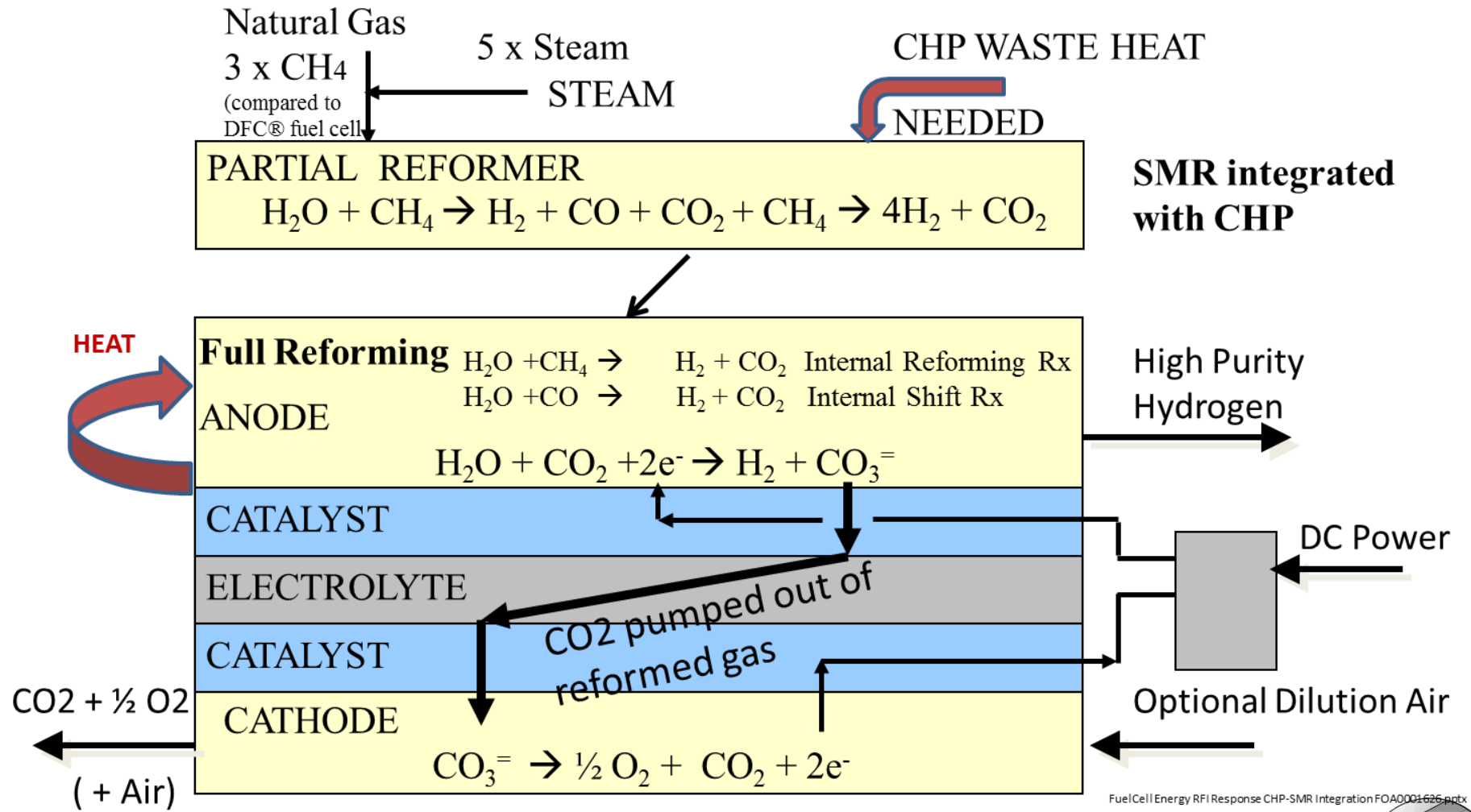
## HOGEN-RE proton exchange membrane electrolyzer

- Balance of Plant loss dynamics (direct-PV mode)



# P2G Accomplishment: Electrolysis Alternatives

## Reformer Electrolyzer Purifier (REP) concept of FuelCell Energy



# P2G Accomplishment: Electrolysis Alternatives

## Reformer Electrolyzer Purifier (REP) concept of FuelCell Energy

### Temperature of CHP Sources of Waste Heat

